

The Oxford County Citizen

VOLUME XV.—NUMBER 32.

BETHEL, ME.—RUMFORD, ME., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 30, 1909.

\$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

DEATH OF DELMER EDWARDS

At Brockton, Mass., Last
Friday.

Son of Late Col. C. S. Edwards
Of Bethel.

The people of Bethel, were saddened last Friday evening, to learn of the death of Mr. Delmer Edwards, son of the late Col. Clark S. and Maria Edwards.

Mr. Edwards was born in Bethel, Jan. 6, 1868. He attended the common schools and Gould's Academy, graduating in 1887. On June 14, 1893 he married Miss Alfarotta Farwell of Bethel and one daughter, Adelaide, was born July 1, 1895.

For some years, Mr. Edwards was in business in Caribou, later moving to Fort Fairfield, where he owned a grist mill and store. He also owned and operated a mill and timberlands at Four Falls, N. B.

About two weeks ago, he was planning a California tour, when he was obliged to enter a hospital in Brockton, Mass. for an operation for appendicitis. Favorable conditions followed the operation, but later, blood poison set in and resulted in death.

The funeral services were held at the home of F. L. Edwards in Bethel, Tuesday, and a large circle of relatives and friends were present to pay their last respects to a worthy son of Bethel. Rev. P. E. Barton officiated and solos were rendered by Miss Jane Gibson. Beautiful floral offerings rendered silent testimony to the esteem in which the deceased was held. Interment was at Woodlawn cemetery.

Mr. Edwards is survived by a wife and daughter, one sister, Mrs. Jas. B. Phelps of Milan, N. H., and four brothers; Waldo, who lives in Nevada, Herbert, who lives in California, A. M. who lives in Boston, and Fred L. of Bethel.

BETHEL LOSES PROMINENT CITIZEN.

Mr. E. C. Rowe Passed
Away Monday Evening.

Appendicitis Operation Followed
By Complications.

Death has again entered our village, and taken one of our most honored and highly respected citizens in the person of Edwin C. Rowe, who has been critically ill for several weeks. In fact Mr. Rowe has not enjoyed the blessing of good health for several years, but has been able to attend to his duties until during the past few months.

It will be remembered that Mrs. Rowe died late in the summer and her death brought a shock to Mr. Rowe from which he never recovered. He was, however, able to be about his duties until a few weeks ago, when he had a sudden attack of appendicitis with peritonitis. Dr. King was summoned from Portland and performed the operation, pronouncing the case a very critical one and giving no hope of a recovery. It was the opinion of the physicians that there was no possible chance for him to last but a few hours, but he lingered on and even recovered to such an extent as to be able to sit up at times, and there was considerable hope for his recovery entertained. About a week ago, conditions began to look less favorable and Dr. King was again called. Another operation was performed, followed by gradual weakening until the end came, Monday night.

Mr. Rowe was born in Bethel on April 11, 1848, the son of the late Caleb Rowe. He was educated in the common schools and Gould's Academy and his early life was spent at farming. In 1870 he entered the general store of his brother, Ceylon Rowe, as clerk and with him formed a partnership three years later. In 1873 he purchased his brother's interest and in 1891 erected the large store, on the west side of the Common, which he has since occupied. By industry and perseverance he was able to build up a large and lucrative business, one of the best in the town or county.

Mr. Rowe has never taken any active interest in political matters, but has devoted his undivided attention to his store and the management of his farms. He has, however, been actively interested in all affairs pertaining to the welfare of the town. He was an instrumental factor in the establishment of the Bethel Creamery and has also been identified in other affairs of equal public interest. He has for many years been treasurer of the Bethel Village Corporation and was affiliated with the Universalist church or which he was ever a loyal supporter. He married Miss Ella Gidwin of Bethel, who died, as before mentioned, late in the summer. No children survive them.

Funeral services will be held at Mr. Rowe's late residence on Broad street, this afternoon.

Officers of the Grand Commandery and from several of the Commanderies of different Commanderies in the State.

Interpreted among the sentiments was made by Miss Margaretta McKenzie, pianist, and also by the Massed quartet, composed of Messrs. Woodman, Walker, Barlett and Pratt.

"The Order of the Temple" was the subject of an address given by the writer has heard this address complimented in the highest terms by those who were fortunate enough to hear it. The principles of the order were given in forcible and beautiful illustrations and in such a manner as to make every member strive harder in the future than ever before to live up to what their order teaches them for the betterment of themselves and all mankind.

A historical address "Masonry in Bethel" was given by Emest Sir Waldo Pettengill and was also very interesting to the members.

MARRIAGE.

A quiet wedding took place at the M. H. parsonage, Tuesday, at 1:30, the contracting parties being Walter W. Hink of North Henny, and Miss

PAYNE TARIFF BILL DEFENDED

In Strong Speech by
Congressman Swasey.

"Best Bill We Could Get,"
Says the Congressman.

Cheney Opera House was filled Monday evening by citizens of Rumford, who were anxious to hear Congressman Swasey talk on the present tariff law and get first hand, the facts concerning this vital question as they appeared to their representative in Congress.

The Rumford Band was in attendance and sharply at 7:30 commenced a concert. Three pieces were played by the band in its usual fine manner and during this time the following gentlemen took seats on the platform, Mr. Fred O. Eaton, Ralph T. Parker, Dr. A. L. Stanwood, A. D. Woodrow, George Locke, Stanley Bishop, Judge A. E. Stearns and Congressman Swasey.

At the close of the concert, Judge Stearns arose, and with a few well chosen words, introduced Mr. Swasey as the speaker of the evening. Mr. Swasey was very warmly received and received the closest attention throughout his address, many times being interrupted by the applause of his audience. He strongly defended the principle of protective tariff as the one in which he believes today more than ever. The Payne Tariff bill he believes to be the best that it was possible to obtain at the time it was passed, when nearly all the congressmen demanded a reduction on everything except the things on which their district depended for its existence, and on those things they would hear to no reduction.

Mr. Swasey said, that he did not believe that when they elected him to Congress they thought they were sending a James G. Blaine, a Thomas H. Reed, a William P. Frye or a Nelson Dingley, but that they did have the right to expect that they had elected a Republican member of the Congress of the United States, and that when any measure affecting the party interest came up, he would stand for the protection of their interests as party interests required.

After explaining at some length that he was and always had been a Republican, the congressman got down to the subject of the tariff. He declared that he could remember the revision of 1857 though not as well as that of '93.

"Perhaps I did say that downward revision sounded ominous to me," said he. "I did it because I knew what occurred after both democratic revisions of '37 and '93. By past experience I had a right to believe that I knew something about revision of the tariff."

He then candidly admitted that he did not expect to find so many complications in the work as he did. Conditions at the time of this revision were different from those when Congressman Dingley revised the tariff. Then the people were looking for some revision which would start up the industries and furnish work for the men who were walking the streets. The situation was such that the people were glad to accept anything they thought would bring back prosperity.

It was, therefore, smooth sailing. Mr. Dingley had made a study of the subject. He was, probably, the best student on the subject in the United States. It passed the House and went to the Senate. The Finance committee made 412 amendments. Of these 500 were reductions, 300 increases and the rest verbal changes. It became a law. The result of it was history, well understood by all. It brought such prosperity as the country had never known. For 11 years we have lived under it. Conditions changed in that time and it was felt that a change in the tariff was necessary.

Congressman Payne, chairman of the ways and means committee had charge of this revision. He took the work home with him he called tariff experts there and his bill was the result. When he presented his bill to Congress he claimed that it was a tariff which would satisfy the people and meet the requirements of the Republican platform.

Mr. Swasey said that he was one of three, who expressed upon the floor of the House, their dissent to certain provisions of the bill.

RESISTS ARREST.

Frank Gahagan Fights
With the Officers.

Peter Merritt Guilty of Ob-
structing the Officers.

Friday afternoon, Deputy Niles and Officers Gandrows and Grant had a lively time for a while, in arresting and taking to the lock-up, Frank Gahagan. The affair took place in front of the Androsoggia House on Canal street and Gahagan, who is a strong and well built man, was crazy drunk and with the encouragement which he received from a crowd of onlookers which quickly gathered, he put up a desperate fight and it was necessary for the officers to handle him pretty roughly before he was finally overpowered and taken to the police station.

The matter was thrashed out in court Monday morning. Not the charge against Gahagan, for his case was appealed to the Supreme Court, but in the charge against Peter Merritt, who was held for obstructing the officers. The State's witnesses in the case were the three officers who assisted in making the arrest. They testified that Merritt had taken hold of Deputy Niles and Officers Gandrows and told them that they had no right to arrest the man and use the methods they were using, and that he also said he would report them and started to do so. They said that the crowd that gathered around encouraged Gahagan to fight and would come as near interfering with them as they dare and not get themselves into trouble.

Merritt in his own behalf, testified that it was not his intention to obstruct the officers in any way and that he would have willingly helped them had he been called on. That he did not touch either of the officers, but simply pointed his finger at them and told them that they had no right to beat a man and drag him along the way they were. He claimed that at the time he said this one of the officers had held of Gahagan's hands and was dragging him along the sidewalk, Gahagan having already been handcuffed and according to his statement, one of the bystanders had fastened the handcuffs on him. He did not know when he went out to where the trouble was taking place, who the man they had placed under arrest was and it was the methods they were using and no particular interest in the prisoner that caused him to say what he did.

A witness by the name of McCarthy said he saw nearly all of the trouble but did not see Merritt touch the officers. Saw him shake his finger in their face. Held the crowd back and cheered the officers and encouraged Gahagan. Merritt's father also testified to seeing the trouble but did not see his son touch the officers.

On the rebuttal, Officer Grant said he snapped the handcuffs on Gahagan but one of the bystanders assisted him in getting his hands together, so he could put them on. Merritt had testified that Niles and Grant beat Gahagan with their clubs, while both officers stated that Grant did not even have a club with him.

Attorney McCarthy appeared for the defendant and in making his argument he stated that the State had failed to show that his client physically obstructed the officers in any way. That while the officers undoubtedly had the right to use what force was necessary when a prisoner showed fight, he thought a little more humanity at times would be better and that most anyone would interfere to the same extent that his client did under similar circumstances.

Judge Stearns thought that the intention of the law in such cases was not such that in order to obstruct an officer, one must show some physical obstruction, but by words or other methods they might interfere with an arrest without showing any actual physical resistance to the officers. He denounced the sentence of the crowd that had gathered around the principals of the affair in strong language and said that in beating and jerking the officers as they did when they were only doing their duty, they had disgraced themselves and it was a disgrace to the citizenship of Rumford as a whole that a crowd of that size should stand by and urge a man crazy with liquor to resist arrest, and therefore make it necessary for the officers to resort to such force and roughness as occurred.

REV. J. W. CHESBRO OF SOUTH PARIS

Closes a Five Years'
Pastorate.

Rev. J. Wallace Chesbro on Sunday, preached the final sermon of his pastorate at the South Paris Baptist church. From South Paris he goes to the pastorate of the Baptist church in Randolph, Vt., beginning his service there next Sunday.

Mr. Chesbro is a graduate of Brown University, Providence, R. I. in the class of 1900. After graduation he attended the Newton Theological Seminary for a time. He held pastorates in Chester, N. H., and Narragansett Pier, R. I., and began his work at South Paris, Jan. 1st, 1905, remaining here just five years.

The relations between Mr. Chesbro and his church here have been nearly ideal, and much sorrow is felt at his departure.

Mrs. Chesbro has been of much assistance in the work not only doing what is generally required of the pastor's wife, but singing in the choir regularly and acting as superintendent of the Junior Endeavor Society. It was through Mr. Chesbro's efforts that the Carnegie pipe organ was secured for the church here.

Mr. Chesbro's departure will be a distinct loss to the community and he leaves with the sincere regard of everyone.

HOW FAR DOES HE RIDE?

The trainmen and those employed around the Rumford station, have another "How old is Ann?" proposition that they are arguing while waiting for trains and at other spare moments. This is the proposition. The distance from Rumford to Dixfield by rail is given in this proposition, as five miles. The train that is to carry the passenger is one mile long. The last car of the train sits in front of the Rumford station and is boarded by the traveler. While the train is on its way to Dixfield the traveler walks through the train and when the stop is made at Dixfield the engine comes to a standstill in front of the station and the passenger alights from the front of the train. Now how far has he ridden on the trip?

Some claim he has ridden four miles and walked one mile, while others are very positive in their belief that he has ridden five miles. The four mile answer is the one held by the writer. To be sure he has been on the train all the time and the place where he gets off is five miles from where he started, but had he remained in the last car he would have been a mile from his destination at the time the train came to a stop at Dixfield. The engine only traveled four miles and how could it have a passenger at the same time, five miles?

RUMFORD HIGH SCHOOL NOTES.

The number of scholars enrolled at the school for the fall term was 106, and of this number, 41 were present at every session and were not tardy during the term. 18 of the scholars of the school maintained a rank of 90 per cent. or over in all their studies. The names of those who did this most creditable work are: Senlar class, Gladys Stanley, William Stanley, Frank Lowe, Julia Reed, Fred Strasburg, Junior class, Maude Kelley, Hazel MacGregor, Alice Mixer, Amy Philbrick, Sophomore class, Robert Conis, Fern Barrab, Ruth Davis, Florence Nelson, Myra Reed, Nellie Sanders, Gladys Waterhouse, Freshman class, Charles Denton, Earle Philbrick.

Completing their duty. While he was judge of this court, he would stand behind the officers and would show as lenience whatever to those guilty of taking part in such affairs. It was the duty of the officers to make the arrest and if a prisoner would not go with them, they must force him to do so. If they will not walk the officers must hold them up in so doing. The respondent being under the influence of liquor, was not as much to blame for his actions as those who urged him on and rejected whenever he made things interesting for the officers.

He faced Merritt guilty and faced him 116 and cents. An appeal was immediately taken and bonds furnished for the appearance of the respondent at the March term of the Supreme

WANT COLUMN.

Put your Want and Sale notices here and they will be read in 3,000 Oxford County homes—4 lines 1 week, 25c. 3 weeks, 60c.

WANTED—A good live agent in every town in Oxford County. An opportunity to earn good money. Address E. C. BOWLER, Bethel, Me.

GAS ENGINE FOR SALE—A 15 h. p. gasoline engine, having been run severely enough to take the new oil will be sold cheap. Address Citizen Office, Bethel, Me.

PINK AND GREEN TOURMALINE—Very fine and for sale very cheap. Inquire of KERRY DUDLEY, Buckfield, Me.

FOR SALE—Two and three inch hemlock plank, also hemlock and spruce boards. Inquire of Z. W. BARTLETT, E. Bethel, Me. 5-37 tf.

Dr. Daniels—Horse Colic—Cure—cures or money back—at any dealers; Insure your horse against Colic.

DEY WOOD FOR SALE—100 cords of cord wood. Will deliver on wheels. For full particulars inquire of J. F. HARRINGTON Bethel, Me. Tel. Con. 8-36

LOST—On the road from Newry Corner through Grafton Notch, a gold watch, chain, and woman's black belt. Watch contains initials S. M. on outside and inscription within, presented to Steve Morse by Bayard Thayer. Finder please return to A. W. Jenkins, Upton, Me., and receive reward. 10-23 tf

SLIGHTS FOR SALE—Anyone in want of a sleigh, will do well to call and see them and get prices. J. C. BILLINGS, Bethel, Me. 11-12 to Jan 1

FREE, to Boys and girls, Flexible Flyer. "The sled that sleers." The best sled in the world. You can easily secure one within a few days by doing a little pleasant work. Some have in a few hours. Be the first in your town. Write today, stating your age. A postal card will do. W. I. Davis, 155 East 24th St., New York City.

LIBRARY SLIPS—Are you aware that the "Library Slips" which naturally come into each family in Oxford County in one year, providing the members of said families eat three good meals each day, keep clean and healthy and happy, and read the Oxford County Citizen, will supply such families with their year's reading free of expense. Just try it by purchasing the products which contain Library slips, clipping those that appear in the Citizen and sending them to the Citizen office for redemption.

FOR SALE—At 13 Chapman St., one set light sleds, (for one horse), also one sleigh. OLIVE B. GROVER, Bethel, Me. 12-16 3 t p

MEN WANTED IN THE AUTOMOBILE BUSINESS. We train you in three weeks and assist you to positions paying \$20 to \$30 per week, driving or repairing. PORTLAND AUTO CO., Portland, Me. 12-23 5 t

McCLURE'S MAGAZINE wants a responsible and energetic man or woman in Bethel and vicinity to attend to its subscription interests. Experience unnecessary. There is liberal guaranteed compensation. A profitable permanent business without capital can be established among friends and acquaintances. Whole or spare time. This is the best time to start. Complete outfit and instructions free. Write NOW. McClure's Magazine, 48 Nassau Street, New York City.

NOTICE.

We take this opportunity to inform the public that we shall not put in for the present winter for delivery in 1910. The notice is given in order that other parties may arrange to supply the same. BETHEL, CREAMERY. 12-23 5 t p

NOTICE.

A flock of sheep entered my enclosure Dec. 28th. Owner is requested to identify property, pay charges and take same. HERBERT M. SAMPTON, Hartford, Me. 12-23 5 t p

STRATHGLASS COMMANDERY

Holds Annual Christmas
Observance.

A large number of the Sir Knights of Strathglass Commandery, No. 21, accompanied by their ladies, assembled at the Asylum at noon on Christmas day and held their annual Christmas observance. The exercises were simple but have never been more impressive and every member of the Commandery left the hall at the close of the exercises with more love, devotion and respect for this branch of their order than ever.

The Sentiment to the Most Eminent Grand Master was:

To our Most Eminent Grand Master, Henry Warren Bagg, with Christmas Greetings: May his future be as bright as his shining path of achievement.

The Grand Master reads the following responses:

To the Baldery of the Temple; the Faithfulness of the Cross; the Brotherhood of Christian Chivalry; two hundred thousand strong—Greeting and Godspeed.

It is with profound emotion and grateful appreciation that I respond to the suggestive sentiment, honoring me by his personal reference. Commanders together, we have touched hearts and hands in Temple faith and works. The privilege of the past, the power of the present, the promise of the future, may well inspire us to continued loyal, loving service for our cherished Order. Prosperous and strong today as never before, it is one of the world's mightiest forces to translate the truth of the Christian message into mutual helpfulness and universal brotherhood. Other sentiments were given to Right Eminent Grand Commander of the Grand Commandery of Maine To all Knights Templars wherever dispersed on the face of the globe; To the Members of our Order who have joined the great majority.

Besides these, several Christmas greetings and sentiments were read, which had been received from various

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BLUE STORES CHOICE OVERCOATS

Overcoats, like men, have character. Some, after they're gone out into the world awhile look out at the elbows. Some deceive by their appearance, and prove false to their trust. Some look jaunty but won't wear. If we couldn't bond our Overcoats for character with the guarantee of "Money Back If you Want It", there would be nothing remarkable about our coats. We have absolute confidence in our Overcoats and so we bond them.

Come here and select your Winter Overcoat. Our Prices won't keep you from buying. Every good fabric is represented in our lines.

OVERCOATS at \$5.00, 7.50, 10, 12 up to 20

F. H. NOYES CO.,

Norway. (Blue Stores) South Paris.

COMFORT for the FEET!

This is the season when we are obliged to have comfortable footwear. And let us remind you that you can find here anything you need to keep your feet warm and dry. A good assortment of all kinds at the lowest possible price.

E. N. SWETT SHOE COMPANY,

Opera House Block, Norway, Me.

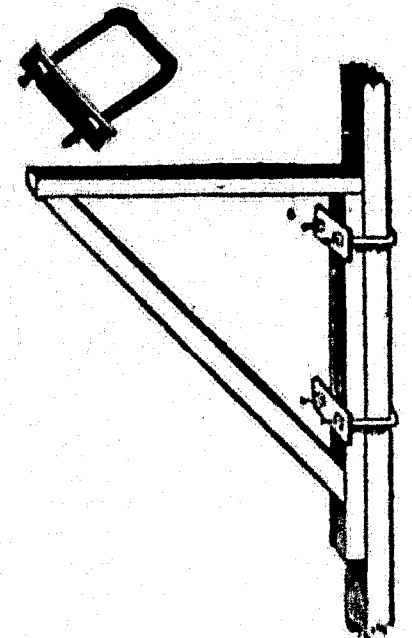
TELEPHONE 112-3. 12-16



CLAMP BRACKET TO BUILDING

Fastened to Structure is Found More Convenient Than Hooks as Can Be Raised or Lowered.

Two clamps six inches long may be used to fasten a bracket to the joint of a building and will be found more



Clamping Bracket.

convenient than hooks since it can be lowered or raised to suit the workmen by simply loosening the clamps and moving the bracket as desired.

The clamps used in the accompanying illustration are similar to those which fasten a cutter to the beam of a plow and are fastened in the same manner.

Brackets can be made out of two planks three or four feet in length, nailed together at right angles and braced by a third board as shown.

The bracket is then fastened to the building by boring holes for the clamps and fastening the clamps around the joint.

Her Last Word.

Mrs. You're wrong. But I've proved that you were wrong. But only a fool would argue with a woman. Her-That's what I've been thinking. -Cleveland Leader.



DR. AUSTIN TENNEY OCULIST

HOME OFFICE 548 1-2

Congress St., Portland, Me.

Will be at his rooms HOTEL RUMFORD, Friday, Jan. 14th, and the Second Friday of each following month.

At Norway office Friday, Jan. 21st, and the third Friday of every following month.

Hours 11 A. M. to 9 P. M.

NORWAY AND SOUTH PARIS

NORWAY.

Edward Nye Gilbert of the Rochester, N. H., Courier, was with his parents here from Saturday until Monday.

The several church societies observed Christmas, Friday evening and each drew a large attendance. The Universalist society had a supper at 6:30 and well laden trees afterwards. No supper was given this year in the Congregational vestry, but an entertainment including a cantata "The Gypsies Christmas" by a number of little girls was presented before Santa Claus appeared. At the Methodist church, a program of recitations, dialogues and music preceded the unloading of two large trees. The Episcopal properly observed the day by exercises and a tree in Grand Army hall to which a large number attended.

Ralph Parker was in town during the holiday, visiting his father, Sumner Parker. Mr. Parker has been with the A. H. Berry Shoe Company of Portland as cutter, for a number of years.

Miss Izah Pike of Sleinart's Music Rooms, Portland, and Frank Pike of Auburn, were with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Horace Pike, during the Christmas holidays.

Stearns' social dance in the Opera House, Saturday afternoon, drew about forty couples. So many desired to continue the merry sport that another social was held in the same place in the evening. Music by Stearns' orchestra.

Managers Leon Yeaton and Albert P. Bassett did an excellent business at Central Park during the Christmas recess. Friday evening, a moonlight roller skating party was given in the casino and motion pictures shown on the screen while the skaters were whirling merrily over the well kept surface.

Saturday afternoon the skating carnival attracted another merry party. In the evening a special Christmas moving picture program followed by dancing.

W. W. Payne and family have been with Mr. Payne's daughter, Mrs. Robert Tuttle for a few days. They are on their way to Waterville, where they will go on a small farm, about a mile from the city.

A Christmas dinner was much enjoyed at W. P. Morton's. Four generations were present, namely, Mrs. Louise J. Briggs, Mrs. Agnes L. Morton, Ralph D. Penfold and Mae Fales Penfold. After dinner, short exercises were given by the four generations, after which Mae Fales Penfold unloaded her little Christmas tree.

One of the large family parties of Christmas, was that of Mrs. Ellen M. Curtis and her family at the old farm which is now occupied by Arthur W. Tyler on High street. It was the first occasion on which the children had all been together since the death of the father, Oliver O. Curtis, a number of years since. There are three daughters, Mrs. Walter S. Twitshell, Mrs. Arthur W. Tyler and Mrs. L. Ellisworth Thayer, all of Paris and four sons, Archie H. Curtis of Paris Hill, A. Everett Curtis of Kennebec, Roy H. Curtis of Headfield Depot and Vernon Curtis of Lovell. There are sixteen grandchildren, and with the members of the several families there was a party of thirty people to enjoy the Christmas dinner and the family reunion.

Mrs. E. N. Haskell, while getting breakfast Saturday morning, set her clothing on fire from the fireplace, where a fire had been started and the screen set up. Discovering the blaze she pulled off her apron and tried to smother the fire and had the presence of mind to lie down. Mr. Haskell and Omar H. Morrow ran in from adjoining rooms and wrapped her in rugs and put out the fire. Mrs. Haskell's dress was practically entirely destroyed and her other clothing somewhat burned, but the fire did not reach her, though only prompt action prevented serious results.

The rural carriers in one of the New York counties, recently made a count of the orders deposited in the letter boxes on their routes and found that each carrier in the county was collecting an average of 115 one-cent pieces each week. Doubtless it is not as bad as that everywhere, but all carriers have considerable of it, and most of the orders are large in the home and have to be picked up single. In cold weather this is a most disagreeable task, makes delay and may cause some money loss to the carrier. There fore the post office department, urged carriers of the rural routes to provide themselves with stamp supplies in advance of their needs and to equip their boxes with suitable coin holding receptacles.

Daniel C. Swift died Monday night after a long illness from an internal cancer. He was the son of the late Daniel Swift and was 55 years of age. He leaves a wife, but no children and is survived by three brothers, A. J. or Beverly, Mass., Boston 1, and Ambrose P. both of Paris and two sisters, Mrs. George F. Robinson and Mrs. The funeral was held at the

SOUTH PARIS.

Miss Mildred Ham of Woodford, is a guest at J. H. Jones'.

W. B. Webster and family, spent Christmas with relatives in Bangor. Miss Sara Swett has returned from a visit to Bangor and is substituting as teacher in the 5th grade for Miss Tessa Thibodeau, who has an attack of tonsillitis.

Mr. and Mrs. Alton C. Wheeler spent Christmas with Mrs. Wheeler's mother, Mrs. Hayes, in Lewiston. Mrs. C. A. Record and son Miles, of Haverhill, Mass., have been guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George B. Crockett, for a few days.

Among those who returned home for Christmas, from other towns are Miss Julia P. Morton of Abington, Mass., Miss Mand Carter is at home from her teaching in Dorchester, Mass., Miss Susie E. Porter from Portland, Har- old Thayer from Bangor, Carl S. Briggs from Boston, Roy J. Bird and Stanley M. Wheeler from University of Maine, Eva P. Swett and Leona D. Stuart from Boston, and Miss Ruby A. Clark from Portland.

The annual meeting of the Oxford County Patrons of Husbandry Mutual Fire Insurance Co., which was held at Grange Hall, Saturday, was adjourned to Saturday the 8th of January, when the officers will be elected. A good attendance is desired.

The Rebekahs elected the following officers last Friday evening:

N. O.—Mrs. Carrie Briggs.
V. G.—Mrs. Eva Clifford.
Sec. Sec.—Mrs. Alice Marston.
Fin. Sec.—Mrs. Sophia Clark.
Treas.—Miss Grace A. Thayer.

At B. N. Hall's there gathered on Saturday, a large Christmas party. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Fred E. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Briggs, Carl S. Briggs, Mrs. Kate Tinker, Mrs. Sarah Clark, Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Clark, Louis Clark and George E. Buck. W. W. Payne and family have been with Mr. Payne's daughter, Mrs. Robert Tuttle for a few days. They are on their way to Waterville, where they will go on a small farm, about a mile from the city.

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One of the large family parties of Christmas, was that of Mrs. Ellen M. Curtis and her family at the old farm which is now occupied by Arthur W. Tyler on High street. It was the first occasion on which the children had all been together since the death of the father, Oliver O. Curtis, a number of years since. There are three daughters, Mrs. Walter S. Twitshell, Mrs. Arthur W. Tyler and Mrs. L. Ellisworth Thayer, all of Paris and four sons, Archie H. Curtis of Paris Hill, A. Everett Curtis of Kennebec, Roy H. Curtis of Headfield Depot and Vernon Curtis of Lovell. There are sixteen grandchildren, and with the members of the several families there was a party of thirty people to enjoy the Christmas dinner and the family reunion.

Mrs. E. N. Haskell, while getting breakfast Saturday morning, set her clothing on fire from the fireplace, where a fire had been started and the screen set up. Discovering the blaze she pulled off her apron and tried to smother the fire and had the presence of mind to lie down. Mr. Haskell and Omar H. Morrow ran in from adjoining rooms and wrapped her in rugs and put out the fire. Mrs. Haskell's dress was practically entirely destroyed and her other clothing somewhat burned, but the fire did not reach her, though only prompt action prevented serious results.

The rural carriers in one of the New York counties, recently made a count of the orders deposited in the letter boxes on their routes and found that each carrier in the county was collecting an average of 115 one-cent pieces each week. Doubtless it is not as bad as that everywhere, but all carriers have considerable of it, and most of the orders are large in the home and have to be picked up single. In cold weather this is a most disagreeable task, makes delay and may cause some money loss to the carrier. There fore the post office department, urged carriers of the rural routes to provide themselves with stamp supplies in advance of their needs and to equip their boxes with suitable coin holding receptacles.

Daniel C. Swift died Monday night after a long illness from an internal cancer. He was the son of the late Daniel Swift and was 55 years of age. He leaves a wife, but no children and is survived by three brothers, A. J. or Beverly, Mass., Boston 1, and Ambrose P. both of Paris and two sisters, Mrs. George F. Robinson and Mrs. The funeral was held at the

He Got the Candy. A country doctor who took his two small children, a boy and a girl, around with him one day on his visits, and forbidden them to accept candy, peaches or other offerings where he visited. One day, while looking after the wife of his grocer, he left the two children in the store. The grocer made up a bag of candies and cakes and offered it to the children. The little girl declined, saying: "Papa has told us not to accept presents." As the grocer was putting the bag back on the counter, the boy, who had been respectfully eyeing the tempting bag, said: "Papa said we mustn't take them, but he didn't say I mustn't let you put them in my coat pocket."

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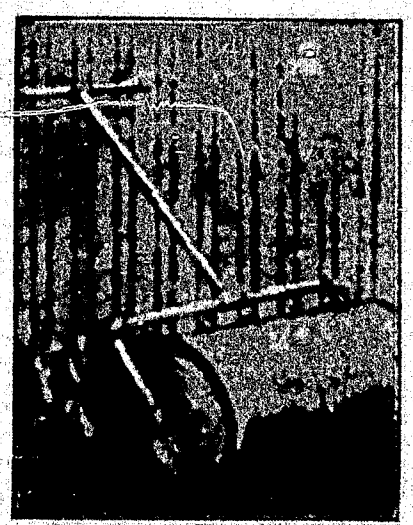
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Mrs. George B. Stone, also of this Baptist church Wednesday afternoon, attended by Rev. J. Wallace Chesbro and following, the Mt. Zion Lodge of Odd Fellows, of which Mr. Stone was a member, performed its funeral service.

ROLLER ESSENTIAL FOR LAWN

Good Example of Home-Made Implementation Shown in Illustration—How to Make One.

A roller is an absolute necessity for the proper maintenance of the lawn and walks, and those made in sections which serve to make turning easy are the best, although their cost prevents many from owning them. One of the



Home-Made Roller.

lowest-priced machine made is 20 inches in diameter, and while it is hardly broad enough for lawn rolling, is suitable for foot paths. It is rather light in weight for its size, but it could be considerably improved by filling with concrete, which would make it much heavier and thereby add to its effectiveness.

A good example of a home-made roller is shown in an illustration in Garden Magazine, which is reproduced here. A section of iron pipe was filled with concrete, the axle extending through a piece of 4-inch iron pipe placed centrally in the pipe before it was filled with concrete. The handle and fittings are all of 1-inch galvanized iron pipe (one foot would be much stronger). This makes a cheap and effective roller, although it would be greatly improved by making it in sections. If second hand iron belt pulleys could be procured cheaply, several broad-faced ones coupled together would make a very neat and serviceable roller. They could be filled with concrete to give the roller the necessary weight.

Society Note. Reverend Forsythe seeks the seals, Reverend Tenthly goes to Europe, Only O. Nick stays in town.

Apprehensive. "Come on and take a ride in my monoplane," insisted the inventor. "Why, it has a speed of a mile a minute."

"Indeed," said the cautious friend. "In what direction?" "What has direction to do with it?" "Why—er—I was thinking perhaps it made that speed coming down toward the earth."

Down on the Farm. New Arrival—What time do the summer boarders begin to thin out here?

Farmer Rystop—Well, neighbor, they get thinner and thinner every week until about the last of September they are so thin they cut the hummocks through and then we ship them back to town.

SIGNALS OF DISTRESS.

Bethel and Rumford People Should Know How to Read and Heed Them.

Sick kidneys give many signals of distress.

The secretions are dark, contain a sediment. Passages are frequent, scanty, painful.

Backache is constant day and night. Headaches and dizzy spells are frequent.

The weakened kidneys need quick help. Don't delay! Use a special kidney remedy.

Dean's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys, backache and urinary disorders. Nothing else proves this statement.

W. H. Merrill, Elm St., Bethel, Me., says: "I have used Dean's Kidney Pills at different times for several years and they have never failed to give me the desired relief. I can recommend them as the best of all remedies for ridding the system of uric acid, removing rheumatic pains and relieving backache. I procured this excellent preparation from W. L. Newman's Drug store and am glad to give it my recommendation."

For sale by all dealers. Price 25 cents. Potter-Milburn Co., Inc., New York, sole agents of the United States.

Remember the name—Dean's—and take no other.

DYSENTERY CURED

From 15 to 20 Drops of Neuralgic Anodyne Gives Immediate Relief

If you haven't Neuralgic Anodyne in the house you haven't the best dysentery remedy.

It's really wonderful how quickly and efficiently this tried and true remedy acts. One dose never fails to give relief in diarrhoea, colic, cramps, or summer stomach trouble.

When you're doubled up with pain, it's a mighty gratifying thing to know that there is a bottle within reach.

And remember, too, that Neuralgic Anodyne is a grand, good ingredient that never fails to give the utmost satisfaction in rheumatism. It promptly relieves and cures neuralgia, headache, toothache, lame back, and is best for bruises, cuts or sprains. Only 25 cents. Sold everywhere. The Twitchell-Chaplin Co., Portland, Me.

MAINE CENTRAL R. R.

In Effect October 4, 1909.

Trains leave Rumford Falls at: 8:50 a. m., 2:30 p. m., week days; for Lewiston, Portland and Boston. 6:15 p. m., for Ogunssoc.

Trains arrive in Rumford Falls at: 10:05 a. m., 4:05 p. m., from Lewiston, Portland and Boston. 8:40 a. m., from Ogunssoc.

All trains run daily except Sunday. F. E. BOOTHBY,

General Passenger Agent.

MORRIS McDONALD,

Vice President & General Manager,

Portland, Maine.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Time Table in Effect

Trains Going East.

Stations.	No. 4	No. 6	No. 7
	Daily	Ex. Sun.	Daily
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Bethel, leaves	3:45	8:05	2:35
Gorham,	4:00	8:20	3:15
Gilead,	4:24	8:40	3:44
West Bethel,	4:35	8:51	3:55
BETHEL,	4:49	9:01	3:57
Locke's Mills,		9:11	4:00
Bryan's Pond,	5:05	9:20	4:08
South Paris,	5:30	9:50	4:36
Lewiston, arrive	6:40	10:55	5:35
Portland,	7:30	11:45	6:30

Trains Going West.

Stations.	No. 3	No. 5	No. 8
	Daily	Ex. Sun.	Daily
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Portland, leaves	8:00	1:30	7:00
Lewiston,	8:50	2:25	7:50
South Paris,	9:50	3:25	8:47
Bryan's Pond,	10:18	4:08	9:18
Locke's Mills,	10:26	4:18	9:26
BETHEL,	10:35	4:27	9:37
West Bethel,	10:42	4:35	9:46
Gilead,	10:53	4:51	9:59
Gorham,	11:17	5:20	10:25
Bethel,	11:51	5:37	10:40

Cafe Parlor Car daily on trains 2 and 3 between Portland and Montreal.

Trains No. 4 and 6 are local between Portland and Lewiston, while trains 1, 2, 3, and 5 are through trains from Portland to Chicago carrying sleeping cars for all Western Points.

One way and return TICKETS to the West and Pacific Coast on sale at all times. TOURIST SLEEPING CARS.

Leave Montreal Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 10:30 P. M. for the West.

SPECIAL EXCURSION

to Montreal, Quebec and St. Anne.

De Beauport, Que.

Monday, Dec. 20th 1909

Return Limit, January 13, 1910

USUAL LOW RATES. SEE POSTERS.

Further particulars and information furnished on application. Van's phone 52 F. E. PURINGTON, Agent.

WOMAN SMOKER LIVED LONG

Mary Frith, Highway Robber, the First of Her Sex to Use Tobacco in England.

Mary Frith, better known as Molly Cutpurse, was a notable figure in old time London life. She had the reputation of being the first woman to smoke tobacco in England.

The length of her days is a disputed point, but it seems certain that she attained the age of over three-score years and ten. It is asserted that constant smoking prolonged her life. A portrait representing her in the act of smoking forms the frontispiece of Middleton's comedy of the "Roaring Girl." She also figures in other plays of the period.

Mary was the daughter of a show-maker living in the Barbican, and Malone gives 1631 as the date of her birth. She early took to wicked ways and became a noted "highwayman." Among her familiar friends were the notorious Capt. Hind and Richard Hannam. She was an expert swordswoman. Single-handed she robbed a thousand lives. Gen. Fairfax of 1660 sold her freedom, shooting him through the arm and killing two of his horses on which his servants were riding. For the offense she was committed to Newgate, but on paying the general £2,000 she obtained her liberty.

At one time Mary had £5,000 of her own, but by giving money to dissipated cavaliers she died comparatively poor. Her death took place in July, 1695, and she was laid to rest in St. Bridget's.

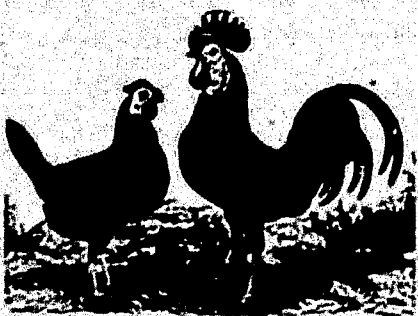


DOES POULTRY ON FARM PAY?

If Same Care and Attention Given as to Other Stock Chickens Become Most Profitable.

We often hear some of our farmers say: "My poultry does not pay. I get very few eggs during the summer and none at all during the winter." If you will take the trouble to investigate this farmer's flock of poultry you will say at once it's no wonder that his flock of poultry does not pay. It seems strange that the average farmer who will take good care of his cows, horses, pigs and sheep will let his flock of poultry shift for themselves and not furnish them very much to shift on, either. Usually their house is an old shed in too poor a condition to keep anything else in, with leaky roof, cracks in the side for ventilation, some old poles for perches, perhaps not cleaned out more than once a year, a good breeding place for lice, but a poor place for poultry if you expect it to pay.

Then his flock is mongrel bred, all sizes, shapes and colors, and while this same farmer will probably take particular pains to get the best blood



Black Spanish Chickens.

possible in his cattle and other live stock, he never thinks of improving the size or laying quality of his poultry.

Then for feeding in summer they shift for themselves. This will probably do when the flock has plenty of free range, but in the winter it is about the same thing, with corn added as the principal diet. No water except occasionally when they happen to think of it. Is it any wonder that this farmer's poultry does not pay?

Now change this plan and take care of your poultry as you do your other stock, and see how quickly they respond to good treatment and become the best property you have on the farm. If you have not time yourself, turn them over to your wife, daughter or boy. Furnish them a good, warm building, where they can be kept clean; use judgment in feeding; give plenty of all kinds of grain, not too much corn, except at night in winter; have fresh water before them all the time; you will probably be surprised to see the amount of water they will drink; give them the scraps from the table and green vegetables chopped fine occasionally. The small potatoes boiled make an excellent feed for a change. Keep plenty of grit and oyster shells where they can reach it handily and a little charcoal also. Try this plan for a while and keep account of all expenditures and receipts and we will guarantee that your poultry will pay.

Don't keep poor stock. It does not cost any more to feed a well-bred flock of Black Spaniels, White or Brown Leghorns, Wyandottes or Plymouth Rocks than it does to keep scrabs that will weigh from four to five pounds each. Sell off the old stock for what they will bring and start in right with a few full-blooded birds that you will be proud to see about the farm. At this season of the year you can buy first-class stock very reasonable and now is the time to make your start. Remember that poultry does pay.

We now have plenty of poultry farms from Maine to California. The figures for the industry in the United States are almost beyond belief and still credible. Many poultrymen have incomes of from \$5,000 to \$20,000 annually from poultry alone and still many think that poultry does not pay. They will return more for the amount invested than any other stock kept on the farm.

POULTRY YARD NOTES.

Buttermilk ranks next to skim milk in feeding value.

Feed the hens plenty of good, bulky nutritious food made up of egg materials or fat forming materials, dependent on whether you wish them to lay or to prepare them for market, but avoid drugs.

Wood ashes should not be thrown into the poultry yard. It will bleach out and injure the shanks and toes of the fowls, and it is a waste of good fertilizing material that ought to go on the garden.

A clean poultry house puts money into the farmer's or poultry raiser's pocket.

Chickens are fond of sour milk, and it is good for them.

No matter how much people may sneer you can make good money with poultry at present prices for eggs and fowls. If you do not the fault is all your own.

Keep Lice from Poultry.

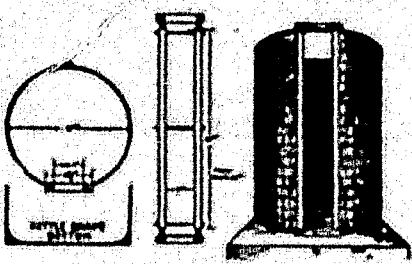
A good method for keeping lice from troubling the poultry at night, is to surround the roosting poles by wires from the rafters of the house. If the poles are smooth, the lice will not remain on them if they are there at all.



CONTINUOUS DOOR IN A SILO

Plan That Works Admirably and by Which Acre of Convenience and Durability Secured.

Some years ago, when building our second silo, I cast about for a design that should unite the good points of the circular silo with the convenience of the continuous door of the square silo. I finally hit upon a plan which works admirably, and by which the same of silo convenience and durability is secured, writes R. Walker McKee in Rural New Yorker. The illustration explains the plan quite well. The material used may be any good lumber, fairly free from knots. Mine is made of hemlock, others nearby are made of pine. Staves the desired length are sawed two by four inches, and for inside silos they need be neither planed nor beveled. Two doorposts, six by six inches, are framed together by being dropped on to a short sill and by dropping a plate on top. Additional strength is given on putting bolts through just above the sill and just below the plates, and in silos more than twenty feet high an additional rod may be put through the middle of the posts. Another similar post, called binding post, is prepared to stand on opposite side of silo. The doorposts have five-eighths inch holes bored through them, leaving just two inches space between edge of



Silo with Continuous Door.

hole and inside of post. These holes are for the hooks, the first one being as near the bottom as possible, the second 18 inches above, and the third one 24 inches above the second, so on extending the distance as the top is approached, using ten hoops on a 20-foot silo. The illustration shows 20, but this is a mistake. The hoops are made of one-half-inch round iron in half lengths with large head on one end and thread nut and broad washer on the other.

A solid, level foundation is first built, on which a circle the size of the silo is drawn. The doorposts or frame, is then stood up at the proper place and securely stayed. Staves are then placed on around the circle, staying each one temporarily by tacking old barrel staves horizontally across it. When one-half around the circle, the binding post, which has previously had as many five-eighths-inch holes bored in it as both doorposts, is stood up in place of a stave, then on around until the opposite doorpost is reached. Hoops are then thrust through the holes in the right doorpost, on around to the binding post, through it and turned up tightly. The left side is treated the same until all the hoops are in place. As a finishing touch, the inside of silo is banked up with cement, making the bottom somewhat kettle-shaped and insuring an absolutely tight joint between the cement and the ends of the staves. The doorposts have grooves, two by two inches, rabbetted out of the inside corners, into which the ends of the boards used for doors fit. These doors may be made of any straight-edge boards of even thickness, laid double with paper between them, the edges breaking joints. This silo can be well built without skilled labor, and for about one dollar per ton capacity. This plan has been followed by all who have seen them in use, and in various states, and always gives satisfaction.

Crossing Not the Best.

If you have scrub stock and get a chance to cross it on thoroughbreds, do not hesitate a moment, that is the best. But many farmers get an idea that it is good to cross thoroughbreds. We doubt it. In fact, we do not believe it is. We agree that good results have been shown from such crosses, but as a rule in such cases an experiment is at stake, and the cross is given the best possible opportunity. Such crossing is a contradiction of the long and patient efforts that were required to build up the breed, and it cannot be good policy to tear down what has been done. First crosses may show up well, but degeneration almost immediately follows, and if crossing of thoroughbreds of one variety upon thoroughbreds of another were to become the rule, it would not be long until all would be scrabs again.

To cross thoroughbred varieties may gratify a desire to experiment, but it can add nothing to permanent good results.

Preventing Disease.

It is more easy to prevent disease in animals than it is to cure. Hog cholera prevails more or less in all sections of the country, but in the majority of cases it is due to the condition of the herds and mismanagement in feeding them to any other cause. Hogs must have green or bulky food, also salt and charcoal. These substances are not in a direct way preventives of cholera, but they keep the animals in a more or less healthy condition and render them less liable to disease.



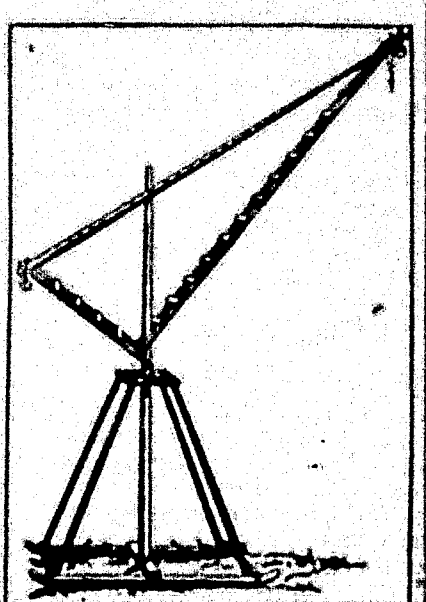
GOOD DERRICK HAY STACKER

Illustration Showing How One Is Made and Directions for Its Economical Construction.

The derrick consists of two principal parts, a revolving boom pole or crane, which swings in a complete circle, and a framework for supporting the crane. The crane part is made with an upright mast 25 feet long and 10 inches in diameter at the base. The base has an iron band shrunk on the wood and a 1 1/2-inch iron pivot pin, 12 inches long, driven into the end.

The mast supports a boom pole 33 feet long and 5 inches in diameter at the small or upper end. This boom pole is fastened to the top end of the mast at a place 11 feet from the butt end. The top is about 32 feet from the ground when in position. The boom pole is supported by a pair of long poles for the top and a pair of shorter poles at the bottom for braces. The lower ends of these braces are bolted to the mast in its center as shown in the sketch. A pulley is attached to each end of the boom pole.

The base of the supporting framework is made of two poles about 8 inches in diameter and 18 feet long, the under side of each end rounded up like a sled runner. The poles are placed about 15 or 16 feet apart and joined together with a 4x6-inch piece at each end, and a heavy timber in the center. The upright mast is pivoted to the center of the heavy timber, forming the lower bearing. The upper bearing is about 11 feet high, made of a platform 4 feet square, constructed of plank 2 or 3 inches



Hay Derrick.

thick. This platform is supported by 4 posts about 5 inches in diameter, the base of the posts bolted or toenailed to the sled-runner pieces near each end of the poles and about 15 feet apart. The tops of the posts support the upper platform of plank. The center of the platform is cut out to receive the revolving upright mast forming the upper bearing. It is better to protect the mast at this point by a thin steel plate about 6x12 inches, says Hearst's Dairyman, also, it is better to have two plates at the bottom of the mast with holes for the pivot pin in the center of the plate.

To give the supporting framework additional strength and stiffness, it is best to attach two long braces from the bottom of each of the four sides to the opposite upper corners. A rope of pure manila, 1/4 or 1/2 inch in size, is large enough. Three pulleys and 40 feet of rope are sufficient when using hay forks, but if a sling is used, 115 feet of rope and 4 pulleys will be necessary.

GOOD FARM NOTES.

Scald thoroughly all drinking vessels.

Maximal vigilance with the hoe is the price of freedom from weeds. Be sure to have the last lick.

Don't allow much weeds as mullein and thistle to seed. A half hour's work now may save days' work next year.

Don't make a change until you believe it is for progress, but when you believe you ought to change don't hesitate.

Cattle kraut, as silage was once contemptuously called, is growing in favor each year; it has made good by actual test.

From an economic standpoint a man cannot afford to get along without a measure spreader. It is a decided success in every way.

The man who produces nothing but the best is sure to come much nearer getting his price than he who produces poorer stuff.

If your chicks planted last fall did not make a good start, plow up and sow to attract crows this fall. Perhaps the seed was not covered.

Mix of crows may be harmful as a feed and the one who feeds such to his stock will be rewarded by cases of sickness, diarrhea and sometimes death.

Green stock is just as good for the men folks to eat as it is for the hens and cattle. Give the garden a few more hours of good work. It will pay the best kind.

Feeding Blackberry Plants.

Are the blackberry plants as vigorous as you would like to have them? If not, apply nitrate freely and cultivate thoroughly.

HOME MADE CANDIES

DELECTABLE SWEETS EASY OF PREPARATION.

Old-Time Butterscotch. One of the simplest and most wholesome of "Dainties That Children Love"—Charleston Delicacy.

Old-Time Butterscotch.—Put three pounds of light brown sugar in an enameled kettle with three-fourths of a pound of butter. Place over a moderate fire to melt; let it boil until thick, stirring all the while to prevent scorching. Take the kettle from the fire and pour the boiling hot liquid into buttered tins or upon a large flat meat platter. When stiff enough mark off into big squares and when cold break these apart and wrap each square in waxpaper. Butterscotch carefully made will keep for months. It improves with age.

Peanut Candy is a Charleston Mammy.—This delectable sweet is called ground-nut cake in Charleston and a fine molasses is used for it instead of sugar. Remove the shells and skins from the roasted peanuts and—if convenience for eating is liked—divide each nut in half; but the brittle cake that shows the whole nut is the dearest goodie in the southern city by the sea. Then put two heaping tablespoonfuls of butter and the juice of one lemon in a quart of New Orleans molasses and boil it with careful stirring until it threads. Then take the vessel from the fire and dump in the nuts, mixing them well with the molasses. When the mixture is chilled enough to permit its lying fairly well "where it is put" drop a light tablespoonful in divided blobs along a fat buttered tin.

The moment for eating the cakes is when they have become as brittle as glass. The Charleston "mammy" uses a slab of old white marble for the chilling purpose and sells them "six for a cent," looking as if she had been as neat as a pin about the business in her stiff purple calico and red head handkerchief and calling out melodiously as she waddles along, "Groundnut—ca—ke, groundnut—ca—ke." They are a winter dainty and things excited hearts never forget.

Bavarian Apple Pie.

One of the most delicious ways to use apples, in cookery, is in a Bavarian pie: Line a deep dish with pastry. Fill in with bread crumbs, and bake it until the pastry is done; then remove the crumbs, and fill the cavity with chopped apples and nuts and some stoned raisins. Sweeten with sugar and flavor with nutmeg and cinnamon. Sprinkle with the crumbs, and bake till it is brown on top and the fruit within is thoroughly cooked. Spread over the top a lemon-flavored meringue, and let it become a light brown in the oven. Set the pie away to cool before serving.

Quail with Dressing (Original).

Pick and clean carefully six quail; salt lightly; fill them with the following dressing: Take three cold boiled potatoes and one onion, medium sized, chop rather fine, add a half pint of bread crumbs moistened with warm (not hot) milk and water, one table spoonful of butter or lard, two eggs, pepper, salt and a little sage to taste. Place the stuffed quail in a baking pan in a hot oven and bake until the meat is tender when pricked with a straw. Serve on a hot platter with egg dumplings cooked by dropping in boiling salted water.

To Clean Out Glass.

Experts in cut glass recommend the following as the best method of cleaning cut glass articles: Wash the glass thoroughly with warm soap suds and cover with sawdust. As soon as the sawdust is dry, brush the articles very carefully with a soft brush, reaching all the crevices. It will come out as clear and sparkling as a bubble fresh from the pipe without injury to the polish.

Apple Ringlets.

Peel, core and slice thick five large apples. Mix half cup flour, half teaspoon baking powder, half teaspoon butter and half teaspoon salt. Mix half cup of water with one well beaten egg, add to the flour and mix smooth. Melt a spoonful of fat in the frying pan dip the apple slices in the batter and fry a light brown on both sides. Keep the pan covered while frying. Serve with sugar sprinkled over them.

Rice for Invalid.

Butter a common glass (previously warmed) and line with warm boiled rice. Into it pour the stiffly beaten whites of an egg with a pinch of salt. Into the second of white carefully drop the unbroken yolk of the egg. Set the glass in warm water, let the water come to a boil and cook long enough to set the white. Serve with buttered toast.

Spanish Pritters.

Mix early in the morning a quart of flour with a well-beaten egg, a spoonful of yeast and milk enough to make it a little softer than muffin dough. Add a little salt. When well risen, work in two spoons of soft butter. Make the mixture into balls the size of an English walnut and fry in deep fat. Eat them with butter and strips of melons.

Creole Dish.

Two cups of well-cooked rice, two cups canned tomatoes, one half pound of ham, minced and browned in butter. Mix all together, add a little salt, one teaspoonful of sugar and a dash of cayenne pepper. Turn into a well-buttered pan and bake.

Collector's Advertisement of Sale of Lands of Non-Resident Owners.

STATE OF MAINE.

Unpaid taxes on lands situated in Bethel Village Corporation, in the County of Oxford for the year 1909.

The following list of taxes on real estate of non-resident owners in the Bethel Village Corporation aforesaid for the year 1909, committed to me for collection for said Town on the fourth day of June, 1909, remain unpaid; and notice is hereby given that if said taxes with interest and charges are not previously paid, so much of the real estate taxed as is sufficient to pay the amount due therefor, including interest and charges, will be sold without further notice at public auction at the Corporation building in the 15th school district in said Corporation, the same being the place where the last preceding annual meeting of the said Corporation was held, on the first Monday in February, 1910, at nine o'clock, A. M.

Name of Owner	Description of Property	Amount of Tax, Including Interest and Charges
Asa Young	House lot on Church Street	\$2.60

December 21, 1909. A. Van Den Kerckhoven, Collector of Taxes of the Bethel Village Corporation for the year 1909.

Collector's Advertisement of Sale of Land of Non-Resident Owners.

STATE OF MAINE.

Unpaid taxes on lands situated in the Town of Bethel, in the County of Oxford for the year 1909.

The following list of taxes on real estate of non-resident owners in the Town of Bethel aforesaid, for the year 1909, committed to me for collection for said Town on the first day of June, 1909, remain unpaid; notice is hereby given that if said taxes with interest and charges are not previously paid, so much of the real estate taxed as is sufficient to pay the amount due therefor, including interest and charges, will be sold without further notice at public auction at Odson Hall in said Town, on the first Monday in February, 1910, at nine o'clock, A. M.

Name of Owner	Description of Property	Amount of tax due including interest and charges
Asa Young	House lot on Church street in Bethel Village	\$5.

December 20, 1909. F. H. Howe, Collector of Taxes of the Town of Bethel, Me.

Collector's Advertisement of Sale of Lands of Non-Resident Owners.

STATE OF MAINE.

Unpaid taxes on lands situated in the Town of Dixfield, in the County of Oxford for the year 1909.

The following list of taxes on real estate of non-resident owners in the Town of Dixfield aforesaid, for the year 1909, committed to me for collection for said Town on the fifteenth day of May, 1909, remain unpaid; and notice is hereby given that if said taxes with interest and charges are not previously paid, so much of the real estate taxed as is sufficient to pay the amount due therefor, including interest and charges, will be sold without further notice at public auction at Tuscan Opera House in said Town, on the first Monday in February, 1910, at nine o'clock, A. M.

Name of Owner	Description of Property	Value	Tax on Real Estate
Helen of Anna H. Blake	Back lot known as the Timothy McIntire lot.	\$100	\$ 3.75
Laelus Packard	Lot of land bought of Hiram Holman, Lot 2, Range 7. Lot on Brown Mountain known as Scales Lot 4, Range 4. Lot of Land, 50 acres more or less, bought of Cyrus G. Coolidge.	\$650	\$12.03

December 20, 1909. J. F. Edmunds, Collector of Taxes of the town of Dixfield, for the year 1909.

Collector's Advertisement of Sale of Lands of Non-Resident Owners.

STATE OF MAINE.

Unpaid taxes on lands situated in the Town of Albany, in the County of Oxford for the year 1909.

The following list of taxes on real estate of non-resident owners in the town of Albany aforesaid, for the year 1909, committed to me for collection for said Town on the eighteenth day of June, 1909, remain unpaid; and notice is hereby given that if said taxes with interest and charges are not previously paid, so much of the real estate taxed as is sufficient to pay the amount due therefor, including interest and charges, will be sold without further notice at public auction at the Albany Town House in said Town, on the first Monday in February, 1910, at nine o'clock, A. M.

Name of Owner	Description of Property	Am't. of tax due including interest and charges
R. E. Morrissette	30 acres in Lot 2, Range 3.	\$13.55
C. P. Fiegrow	Hemlock farm consisting of 3 acres in Lot 5, Range 4 and 160 acres in Lot 4, Range 10	\$20.38
George M. Rolfe	110 acres in Lot 1, Range 10.	\$ 7.45

December 20, 1909. George Cummings, Collector of Taxes of the Town of Albany.

Beautiful, but Unhealthy.
The most beautiful part of South Africa is the Bechuanaland Protectorate, which is, and to say, also the healthiest. It is indeed hard to believe that these vast stretches of sun-drenched woodland overarched with the blue and honey clouds of fairyland, a country which looks wholesome as a border land, should be the most fever-infested part of the sub-continent.

The Dream and the Dreamer.
The number of men who dream frequently is 37 per cent; that of women is 45 per cent. As a general rule, it may be said that the weaker sex has more of a tendency to dreaming than the opposite sex.

Mark of High Breeding.
It is a mark of high breeding to be penitent in matters of politeness. One cannot be too careful about such things. One burst of rudeness is never forgotten or forgiven, and the polite owner should be cultivated until it becomes a second nature.

10

House Cleaning Time In Portland.

This is the time of year when Portland Merchants close their eyes and take the price cutting knife and trim and prune until there's barely enough left to have the article seem to be worth anything at all (although the original value is there just the same.) That is their way of doing things the last week in December and during the month of January. The next few weeks eclipse any other time of year, from an economic standpoint for shopping in our city.

We can save your car fare many times over. Try it and see what HOUSE CLEANING MEANS in Portland Stores.

WATCH PORTLAND ADS. FROM NOW OUT.

The Glove Shop.

With every pair of one "System-Superbe" Gloves goes \$1.50 worth of style, fit and service.

No glove will give equal satisfaction.

Every pair guaranteed.

\$1.50 pr.

All gloves bought of us kept in repair without charge.

THE MILEY CO.,

Congress and Oak Sts. Portland.

Grand Clear up of ODD LOTS AND BROKEN ASSORTMENTS

before stock taking. Hundreds of pieces at a fraction of their real value.

1000 yards Table Enamel at 17c.
5000 yards China and Japanese Matting at 25c. worth 50c.
100 16x34 Smyrna Rugs at 55c. worth 90c.
200 odd Portieres at one half price and less.
500 odd pieces of Japanese ware. Steins, Cracker Jars, etc., etc., at one half price and less.

25 per cent. discount on our entire line of pictures.

Johnston & Bailey Company,

190-192 Middle St., Portland, Me.

The Waist Store

This week given to stock reducing sales, as we close January 1st to take stock.

Special prices in all departments.

Neckwear and Shirtwaists at attractive prices.

After stock taking, all broken lots must go at some price.

Thomas Smiley

493 Congress St., Portland.

Good Overcoats from \$10 up

Winter has a good start, and it's time for a good comfortable overcoat.

Don't get cold feet on the prices which make an easy start at \$10.00.

You will like our overcoats. They are good, safe, much better than the average—and appeal to the man who wishes to dress well but at moderate cost.

Many men intend buying a suit as well.

Same prices: \$10. to \$32.

FRANK M. LOW & CO.

OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS.
Portland, Me.

PIANO QUALITY

Chickering & Sons

Hardman

Ivers & Pond

Sterling

Shoninger

Milton

CRESSEY & ALLEN.

566 Congress St., Portland, Me.

EASTMAN'S

Our Semi-Annual Mark-Down Sale of Suits, Coats, Furs, Dresses, Skirts, Waists, Children's Suits and Coats and Millinery

BEGINS THIS WEEK

As usual it will be the most IMPORTANT TRADE EVENT of the year for you and for us.

Prices one-half to one-fourth below former prices.

DIFFERENT LOTS IN THE SALE:

275 Suits, 150 Coats, 75 Silk and Wool Dresses, 125 Skirts, 140 Children's Coats, 45 Junior Suits, 25 Children's Wool Dresses.

\$8,500 worth of Fur Coats and Small Furs

At 25 Per Cent. Discount.

All Our Trimmed Hats AT ONE-HALF PRICE

You'll save dollars and dollars by attending this sale

ALL THIS WEEK.

Eastman Bros. & Bancroft,

Congress and Brown Streets, PORTLAND, ME.

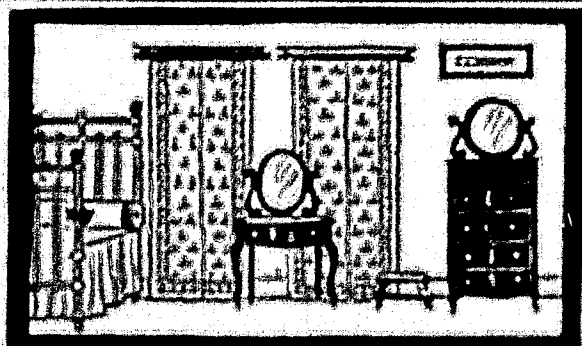
Porteous Mitchell & Braun Co.

Portland's Modern Department Store

Our Annual Winter Sale of Ladies' Suits, Coats, Dresses and Wearing Apparel is now going on.

Very much reduced Prices.

PORTEOUS, MITCHELL & BRAUN CO.
522-528 CONGRESS ST., PORTLAND, ME.



FINE HOME FURNISHINGS AT YOUR OWN PRICE.

A Great Furniture Auction Sale

replace this year our Annual Clearance Sale. This includes hundreds of pieces of fine furniture, carpets, draperies and home furnishings of every description for a limited period beginning Saturday, January 4, will be sold for what it will bring. We take the means of reducing stocks and making room for spring goods. You may select any article you wish to bid on and it will be put up. This is the chance of a lifetime to get the home or office furnishings you need at your own price. Bring the bidding coupon with you.

Sales at 10 o'clock a day

If your purchase amounts to \$25, the amount of your bid (one way) (up to 100 cents) will be refunded to you upon presentation of this coupon.

(The Oxford County Citizen, December 30, 1930)

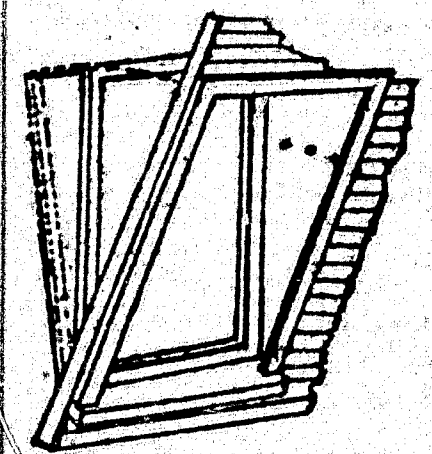
OREN HOOPER'S SONS
PORTLAND

WINDOW LIGHT IN STABLE

Sunlight is of Much Importance as it Destroys Germs and Adds to Cheerfulness.

Mumford and Mayo, discussing the lighting and ventilating of stables in the Cyclopaedia of American Agriculture, lately issued by the Macmillan Company of New York, make the following suggestions:

Stables should be well lighted and so arranged that the light will not



Window from Outside.

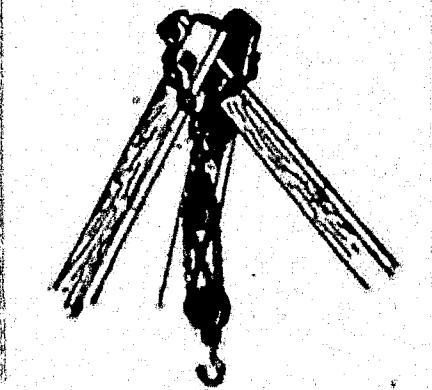
strike the animals directly in the eyes. Light is best admitted from above and behind the animal. An excellent method of admitting light is by means of the Sherringham window shown in the accompanying illustration. The window is hinged at the bottom and opens inward at the top, and serves for ventilation as well as light. Abundance of light for stables is important hygienically, as direct sunlight destroys many germs, is a good drying agent, and adds a cheerfulness that is greatly to be desired.

OUTFIT FOR HOG BUTCHERING

Tripod Made of Planks as Shown in Illustration Makes an Excellent Contrivance.

Make a tripod of three 2x4 or 2x6 planks, the longer the better, and fasten them together with a bolt as shown in the accompanying illustration, writes Robert J. Gaston in Prairie Farmer. Around the tops of the planks fasten a chain and into this hook the block and tackle.

Make notches in the stick and then



How Tackle Should Be Hung.

the tendons may be fastened in which-over notch is desired.

Set the barrel containing the hot water under the tripod and the hog can be lowered into it and easily raised again.

LIVE STOCK RAISING.

When one has young pigs and breeding stock to care for he must think further than merely what food will fatten most.

Feeding without care is useless. Give the cow sunlight; it has its place in the economic production of milk just as well as good food.

A successful dairyman feeds his cows this excellent balanced ration: Clover hay and corn fodder, all the cows will eat up clean, for roughage; for grain, peas and oats, ground flax, and bran in equal parts by weight, and feed one pound of grain to three or four pounds of milk, with 16 pounds of sugar beets a day.

For generations English farmers have made extensive use of Dwarf Essex rape as a stock food. This plant may be described as a rutabaga run to seed. The seed is sown like rutabaga turnips and cultivated without thinning. Sow two or three pounds in drills, or four or five broadcast, and plant in early spring. The seed is not expensive and the crop is easy to raise.

Experiments prove that a heifer is easier to fatten than a steer.

If you haven't a hog pasture it will pay to fence off a corner of the clover meadow for them. The hogs will get more value for you out of the clover than it would be worth in the form of hay, and save the harvesting of it.

If whole oats are scattered very thinly on a corn and the brood sow is allowed to feed on them she will get enough to keep healthy, while not getting enough to grow fat. This also keeps her busy and contented.

Selecting Breeds.

In breeding profitable horses care should be taken to select animals known to possess desirable qualities. Vicious natures should not be bred. Every year had-dispositioned horses send quite a number of persons to premature graves and cripple others, while the material damage they do is quite considerable.

Food for Calves.

One feed cold and the next hot will cause indigestion and then scours. Sweet skim milk and a little fax seed jelly will induce rapid and healthy growth in the calf. A little meal in the feed box will bring the cows promptly to the gate at milking time.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

The advertisements below represent some of the leading houses of New England. Our Readers will doubtless find this column valuable.

WANTED

ALL THE TIME

HENNER and STORE EGGS
FANCY WINTER APPLES, CHICKENS, FOWLS and TURKEYS.

Prompt Returns and Premium prices on Fancy Goods Give us your consignments.

HOLDEN BROTHERS

35 So. Market St., Boston.
Established 1882. Ref. National Shawmut Bank.

CAN'T SUPPLY OUR DEMAND

Our Customers Want Your

APPLES, VEAL, EGGS, and FARM PRODUCTS

HYDE, WHEELER, CO.,

41 North Market St. Boston, Mass.

Can get top market prices and will make prompt returns.

Market reports, tags, shipping certificates, etc., etc., furnished free.

9-9-30—STRICTLY COMMISSION—

Apples and Live Poultry.

Ship to us and get highest market prices. Prompt returns. Write for weekly market report.

P. H. WALL & CO.,

Clinton & Fulton Sts., Boston.
Reference: Merchants Nat. Bank.

9-9-30



There is no escape for your hogs if you feed THE PARK & POLLARD COMPANY Dry-Mash. You can buy it of S. W. THAXTER & CO., Portland, Me.

We are paying for old hogs alive, 12 to 14 cents per lb.; hogs from 2 to 3 lbs., 13 to 14 cents. THE PARK & POLLARD CO., 29 Canal St., Boston, Mass.

HAIR BOUGHT.

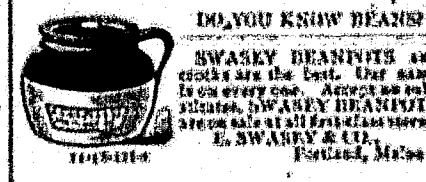
HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID for human hair cut or combed. Any quantity. Send postal for information.

HUMAN HAIR REFINING CO.,
164 Washington St., Boston, Mass.
12-21-30-S.

DRUGS AT CUT RATES

Country Trade Supplied at City Prices. Send for catalogue of Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Rubber Goods.

THEARA HILTON & CO., Portland, Me.
12-21-30-S.



DO YOU KNOW BEANS?

SWAMY'S BEANS are the best. Their name is on every can. Accept no substitutes. SWAMY'S BEANS are sold at all Grocers and Dealers.

S. SWAMY & CO., Portland, Me.

TO PREVENT LOSS.



Brown—My wife is getting awfully strenuous. Yesterday she broke a plate over my head. What would you advise me to do?

James—Well, you might buy some iron plates.

The Why of It.

He says to try to be hard to win, but all the time he's in bed. At 2 P. M. if you're in bed, you're dead and still in bed.

Resourceful Tommy.

"Tommy" called the mother from the parlor, "Did you sprinkle the pavement as I told you so Uncle Jerry can sweep?"

"No, ma," answered Tommy, from the bathroom. "I'm busy giving your little poodle a bath."

"The poodle's a bath? Why, I told you to sprinkle the pavement."

"Yes, but, ma, if I give the poodle a bath he will go out on the pavement and shake himself and then it will be sprinkled just right for Uncle Jerry's broom."

HEART THRILLING GEMS.

DESTINED TO PROVOKE A SMILE, COAX A TEAR, CAUSE A TUG AT THE HEART STRINGS, CAST A GLEAM OF LIGHT INTO THE DARKEST CORNERS AND BRING A THRILL OF JOY INTO EVERY LIFE WHICH THEY TOUCH.

SELLING THE FARM.

(By Mrs. E. Graves.)

"Don't sell the old farm, John. You know how I love it—

Love every inch of its meadows and hills.

I live in its sunshine, its birds and its flowers.

And when my best enemy to the tune of its hills.

"This house was my birthplace, and here in my childhood

I played with the meadows still to memory dear.

And oft, as I sit in the twilight dreaming,

Among the soft shadows again they appear.

"When father and mother from earth had passed over,

And the previous old homestead no longer was mine,

When dear sister Nell went away with her lover,

Then you bought the farm, John, for my sake and 'long eyes.'

"Oh, sweet are the memories they fill all the sickle

From childhood till now, John, you will know how dear.

How close they are woven round every heart fiber,

And hold me more closely with year upon year.

"Then, John dear, the orchard—we never can sell it—

Our little birds chirp by the tree the loved birds.

Oh, dear was the May when she stayed to the street—

Among the bright blossoms we laid her—at rest."

So she pleaded, John, but his arms round her shoulder—

They stood looking off from the little white gate—

Not a tear nor a sigh, but I saw his lips quiver.

As he turned her in turning, and faltered, "I'll wait."

TILL LOVE IDIA.

The shadowy twilight was dropping

He wandered the streets of gray

Down over the streets of the village

As far as the hills crest the day.

The moon with the silver buttons stood

Watching

Night on her mantle with stars

While faded away in the distance

The clouds with their crimson tipped tops.

Then soft at his side a low whisper,

"Finn, Mr. Policeman, I've come

To ask you to find me your 'distance' in 'Idia' a few weeks' time."

And then with her blue eyes sparkling,

Her baby face beaming and thoughtful,

She waited—the sweetest of girls.

"Well, now," and the great old police

Man spoke to a kind gentle tone,

"Look at that face the stars on a you cut."

She was to go home all alone!

"Finn, Mr. Policeman, my papa

Is dead in a new 'dreadful' flight.

He's trying to break out his corner,

But somehow it doesn't come right."

"He sits in the 'Lib' a woman,"

His forehead all powdered up—no

I says down he sits on the 'Lib' house.

He sits shaker his head as 'says

he."

I wants to know what are the reasons

He doesn't say 'sings' to me,

As 'sings' he looks down as 'sings' crowd,

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LOCAL HISTORY.

Joseph Twitchell Esq.,
Progenitor of the Bethel Clan.

Incidental Memorandum—By
Leonard B. Chapman.
Number 36.

IN SEVERAL PARTS—PART TWO.

The Rev. Abner Mosey, A. M., of

Sherborn, Mass., obtained and printed

in 1837, the family record of

JOSEPH TWITCHELL, ESQ.,

to each name of which I have added

considerable data not found upon Dr.

Lapham's list printed in the Bethel history,

or anywhere in a connected form.

The names of the four sons who made

homes in Bethel, I have written in

capitals. The asterisk mark (*) preceding

the name is to indicate that each of the

four children thus marked will receive an

extended notice further on in this series of

Twitchell family notes. All told, there were fourteen

children and numbered and named as follows:

1, Capt. Samuel; 2, Joseph Jr.; 3, Elizabeth;

4, Capt. ELIAZER; 5, Dea. EZRA; 6, Martha; 7, Deborah; 8,

Abel; 9, Deborah; 10, Molly; 11, Anna;

12, ELI, Esq.; 13, Capt. PETER; and 14, Julia.

They seem to have had a man's life in the

unsubdued wilderness of the District of Maine and state of New

Hampshire. But this is accounted for from the fact that Joseph Twitchell,

Esq., was an agent for the proprietors of Bethel, a town located in the south

westerly part of the State of New Hampshire, in the county of Cheshire,

and was engaged in the work of colonizing the town, and of course his

representations of the locality were of an exciting and captivating nature. A

little later he occupied a like position relative to Sudbury Canada, hence the

wilderness selection of houses by the sons.

—Capt. Samuel Twitchell, son of Joseph Twitchell, Esq., born August

21st, 1740 at Sherborn, where all of the fourteen children first saw the light

of day, married Alice, daughter of Dr. John Wilcox of Sherborn, Feb. 2, 1765,

and second, Elizabeth Young, Nov. 2, 1807, and resided in Dublin, upon the

place which was occupied in 1837 by Harvey Conrad. Nine children were

born to him and his first wife, Anna, born Apr. 11, 1781, graduated from

Dartmouth college in 1802 and became a practitioner of medicine in Keene,

N. H., and a surgeon of great eminence. The chair of a professorship was

offered him by Dartmouth, Bowdoin and Harvard, but he could not be prevailed

upon to accept.

From bills paid in Dublin for labor upon the highway, it appears that

Samuel Twitchell was there in 1763, as was his brother, Joseph Jr.

"A few weeks before he died, in 1827, Captain Samuel was heard to

say that he was the third person who became a settler of Dublin and re-

mained. The first night of his being in the place, he slept by the side of

a large rock. The rock is still in the place and is pointed to as the first

lodging place of the third settler of Dublin. He was then a young man,

without a family. His father was an agent for the proprietors of settlers

of the township and sale of lots, and as agent was faithful and efficient, and

through his instrumentality many purchased land in Dublin and became permanent residents. Three of his sons

and a daughter, settled in the town. The father sometimes came with an ox cart

loaded with provisions, furniture and such articles as new settlers could not

procure at home."

The foregoing was written in 1828.

—Joseph Twitchell Jr., brother to the preceding, born Nov. 29, 1741,

married Nov. 15, 1766, Mary, daughter of Nathaniel Hubbard of Sherborn,

and settled very soon thereafter in Dublin, where he was a farmer and

they had ten children.

—Elizabeth, sister to the preceding, born July 22, 1743, became the wife,

April 4, 1768, of Joel Wright. They resided in Dublin.

—Capt. ELIAZER, brother to the preceding, born Jan. 22, 1741, married

April 4, 1768, Martha, daughter of Moses Mason of Dublin, where he first

settled on the "Yardly place," then on the "Northfield place," then in

Bethel, finally on Bonded Hill.

—Dea. EZRA, brother to the preceding, born June 23, 1748, married

Samuel Mason of Dublin, and was settled in Bethel.

—Martha, sister to the preceding, born Feb. 16, 1747, became the wife

Feb. 8, 1771, of Nathan Wilcox of Framingham.

—Deborah, sister to the preceding, born March 25, 1750, died May 12,

1782.

—Abel, brother to the preceding, born May 25, 1751, married Sarah Adams, and settled in Dublin, upon the Capt. Joseph Heywood place. His residence stood near the old curry shop. (1856) He returned to his native town and engaged in the war of the Revolution, but came back to Dublin. He was possessed of a pronounced nature. About the year of 1774 he took up a place at Harrisville, located early in Nelson and partly in Dublin. He owned water power and erected a saw and grist mill which were destroyed by fire; then a carding and clothing mill. He died at Harrisville, March 5, 1837. His second wife was Elizabeth Clark. She died Jan. 18, 1840, leaving a large number of descendants.

—Deborah, sister to the preceding, born Dec. 23, 1752, became, May 5, 1775 the wife of Joseph Munnard of Framingham.

—Molly, sister to the preceding, born May 17, 1755, who became the wife of Moses Rider, Jan. 18, 1784, of Jeffery, N. H. Their first child was born in Keene.

—Anna, brother to the preceding, born Dec. 28, 1756, who died in the army of the war of the Revolution.

—Eli Esq., brother to the preceding, born Feb. 17, 1759, married Rhoda Lebad, resided in Bethel.

—Capt. PETER, brother to the preceding, born June 13, 1760, married Sarah Ballard; 2nd, Amy Perry; resided last at West Bethel, arriving for permanent settlement in 1810.

—and last—Abigail, sister to the preceding, born March 18, 1765, became the wife of William Tucker and resided in Framingham.

From Dublin to Sudbury Canada it was some less than 200 miles via Concord, N. H., and Fryeburg. The last named was a wild wilderness over which the heat of prey and the Indian roused, will-power being the governing rule of the land, without a single located human person to molest. And Dublin was not much better in this respect, for it seems Capt. Samuel Twitchell, about the year of 1762, when he was 22 years of age, made his bed by the side of a large rock and in the open air, laid down to "pleasant dreams," being the third person who had concluded to make the place his home.

Let us now turn our attention northward and learn why the tract of land upon which the town of Bethel is located was named Sudbury Canada and what induced Joseph Twitchell, Esq., to come this way, or to mingle with the affairs of the wild and romantic region, which has received so much attention and is destined to go higher up, judging the future by the past.

In the month of June, 1765, a township of land situated upon both sides of the Androscoggin river, now known as Bethel, was granted by the Massachusetts Great and General Court to the soldiers (and their heirs) who marched from Sudbury, Mass., and took part in the attempt to subdue the Canadian Indians. The grant, to distinguish it from other grants of a like nature, was called the Sudbury Canada grant. Many years ago, I thought, as some now do, that the name was bestowed because the land upon which the town of Bethel is located was once a part of the dominion of Canada, and it was not till books treating upon local history became more numerous that I learned the real facts of the situation. In the Legislative not certain requirements were made. To proceed legally, the grantees were to meet and provide a board of officers whose duty was, it seems, to grant titles to individual claimants and vote and collect taxes.

The first meeting of the proprietors, it is alleged, was held upon the 5th day of Dec., 1766, to which date there is reference in official records of transferred lots.

"Advertise the tax levy and sell the lots of all delinquents" seems to have been the predominant influence prevailing the management. And this was the course adopted, Joseph Twitchell, Esq., was made president of the official board.

The way for speculation was now open and it was a free and easy way. For an interval of 10 and an upward lot of 100 acres a tax title for the expenditure of a few dollars could be obtained very readily. Hquire Twitchell was the largest purchaser, who soon was elected treasurer of the proprietors of the township, at which date he was a fraction over fifty years of age.

(To be continued.)

No Microscope Needed. A speck of gold weighing the million to part of a grain may easily be seen by the naked eye.

Cataract Cannot be Cured. With LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease, Cataract is a permanent disease, and is not to be cured by any local application. But if you want to take internal medicine, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, is the best.

Don't Go Near the Water. "Have you caught a cold, dear?" "Just a little cold, mamma." "Have you got your feet wet lately, my child?" "Why, I got one foot a wee bit wet when I was bathing, but the other day, mamma."—Yonkers Statesman.

Sold Too Soon. "Eve made Adam give up Eden for an apple, didn't she?" "She was easy; she would expect him to mortgage it and get an automobile for it if they were alive today."

Another Definition. Little Willie—Mama, what is a conflict?

Pa—A conflict, my son, is a person whom nature tells to be on the ground floor, but whose circumstances force him to live in an attic.

The Local Expert. Summer Boarder (that arrived from Boston)—What are the best sellers in this locality?

Farmer Stubblecrack—That depends on whether you want to store potatoes or cider in 'em.—Pack.

BUSINESS CARDS.

INSURANCE

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Dealer in WALL PAPER, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, WINDOW GLASS, Etc.

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Thirty years experience re-running old lines. Plans made to order. Specifications. Pocket Maps of all Maine Co's. for Sale, 35 High Street, South Paris, Me. 10-15-11

PRACTICAL HORSE-SHOEING & JOBBING. I GIVE PERSONAL ATTENTION TO THE WORK.

Heavy Wagons Built to Order

W. L. GOODWIN

FOR

CANTON HAPPENINGS.

As Observed and Told by the Citizen Reporter.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Oldham have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Russell, of Auburn.

Ralph N. Gilbert and family of Biddeford, spent Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Gilbert and family.

Miss Abbie C. Bicknell, who is very ill of pneumonia, is somewhat better at this writing. Miss Clara Barrows is caring for her.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Forhan and daughter, Josephine, of Portland, are guests of John K. Forhan and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Davis are entertaining his mother, and sister, Miss Annie E. Davis of Norwood, Mass.

Walter Harding of No. Turner, has been visiting his brother, Leon Harding and wife.

Iva G. Tirrell is at her home from Leavitt Institute for the Christmas recess.

Ralph W. Bicknell and Nell K. Forhan are at home from Tufts Medical College for the holidays.

Hon. John P. Swasey, who is at home from Washington for the holidays, will return next week, accompanied by Mrs. Swasey and daughter, Minnie E. Swasey.

The Misses Iva and Arlene Russell of Brockton, Mass., Leola Russell of Augusta, Ned Russell of Boston, Ethel Russell of Lincoln City, John Russell and family of Peru and Mrs. Lucy Elliott of North Rumford, spent Christmas at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Russell and family.

The degrees were conferred on one candidate at the meeting of Evergreen Chapter, O. E. S. Tuesday evening and refreshments served.

Harry Douglas of Rumford, visited relatives in town, Saturday.

There was a good attendance at Canton Grange meeting, Saturday. A fine report of the meeting of the State Grange, held at Bangor, was given by the Worthy Master, C. E. Richardson. The meeting in the afternoon was open to the public and Christmas exercises by the children and a Christmas tree was enjoyed. Installation of officers will occur at the next meeting. It is expected that Dist. Deputy Eugene L. Torrey of Dixfield, will be installing officer.

Mr. Lizzie Rose of Howe's Corner, has been a guest at A. F. Russell's.

A Christmas tree was enjoyed at the vestry of the United Baptist church, Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Ludden, who are ill are improving.

Pensmak Rebekah Lodge will hold a special meeting next Saturday evening, for the purpose of initiation. A rehearsal of the degree staff will be held Thursday evening.

Mrs. Fannie Childs of Canton Point, who has been ill of pneumonia, is on the gain.

Sadie Ingersoll is at work for Mrs. O. M. Richardson.

Ella Walker spent Christmas with her family in town.

Stanwood Bicknell and family are moving to the residence of Miss A. G. Bicknell.

Geo. Smith is visiting his boyhood home in Readfield.

G. C. Russell of Livermore Falls, was a visitor at C. F. Oldham's, Friday.

The next meeting of the Lucky Friday Club, will be held next Friday, with Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Hayden and family.

Harold Glines of East Sumner, has been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Glines.

Christmas exercises and a Christmas tree was enjoyed by the Odd Fellows, Rebekahs, their families and friends at Odd Fellows hall, Friday evening. The hall looked very pretty with its holiday decorations and a prettily decorated Christmas tree loaded with gifts stood in the center. The following program was given:

Song, By Children.
Edna Tirrell.
Eleanor Westgate.
Recitation, Eleanor Solo.
Recitation, Swasey Wadlin.
Song, Nathan Waite and Ansel Ellis.

Reading, Mrs. Grace Mitchell.
Vocal Solo, Eleanor Westgate.

The arrival of old Saint Nick was next in order, accompanied by Jack Frost. A huge reindeer pile was cut by Jack Frost, and twelve little girls and boys, representing the twelve months of the year, were taken by Santa Claus from the pile, each dressed in an appropriate costume and reciting a verse for each month. They then formed a reindeer team and were drawn away by Jack Frost and Santa Claus. The distribution of presents to the children, was a happy ending to the evening.

NORTH BUCKFIELD.
Merle Sturtevant was called to Heaven last week by the sudden illness of his sister, Dicie.

J. M. Millett and wife and Herman Morse and wife, attended the State Grange, at Bangor.

Lizzie Bonney spent Christmas with her father, Corry Bonney at Sumner.

School began Dec. 30th with Robt. Sturtevant, teacher.

Gerald and Ralph Bossey, aged 10 and 7 respectively, hauled up five cords of wood last week, with a young horse.

C. B. Keene has a hen which beats the record on large eggs. He recently got one which was eight and one-half inches long, six and one-half inches around and weighed one-fourth pound.

Frank Loring and Dwight Field of Paris, are hauling wood from David Andrews' place to Buckfield. They board at M. A. Warren's.

Earl Jack has sold his apples to Fred Ricker.

There will be a dance at the Grange Hall, Dec. 30. Oyster supper.

Jan. let will be installation of officers of Mountain Grange, by State Overseer, Boyden Pearce.

Amazon Stone in Demand.

The Amazon stone, found in small quantities near Colorado Springs, Colo., is greatly in demand. A firm in Germany ordered all that could be procured. The stone is green in color and hard as flint.

MEXICO AND RIDLONVILLE.

The Week's News as Gathered by our Special Correspondent

About two o'clock on Sunday morning, last, the inhabitants were aroused by the fire whistle, calling the firemen to Mexico Heights, when the house, formerly owned by Stephen Wagner, was burning. The fire was discovered by Mr. and Mrs. Wells, who soon spread the alarm and rung in the alarm, but before the department arrived, the building was nearly consumed. It seemed to burn like tinder and only a corner was left standing. The fire was of mysterious origin, as the house was unoccupied, the family having moved out two or three weeks before. When first discovered, the fire seemed to be around the piazza and it spread with such terrible swiftness that it seemed to be all over the house in no time. Rats and matches have been advanced as one solution of the problem. There are rumors of an investigation to be made, as it seems strange that such a fire should be started in an unoccupied house. The house was owned by George Holman of Dixfield and was finished off into two rents. It is thought that the insurance was about two thousand dollars.

The concert and tree at the Congregational church last Friday evening was largely attended and a fine program much enjoyed. The church was prettily decorated, over the platform being a large star, studded with tiny electric lights, with small stars all around. The electrical display was arranged by Mr. W. L. Wescott and Mr. McKenzie and was very beautiful. The parts were all well taken by the little folks and the cantata with the tableau of the Madonna and child, by the Knights of King Arthur, was especially good. After the entertainment Santa Claus came in with his usual cheery way and distributed a tree of gifts to the waiting friends.

Sunday was observed as Christmas Sunday in both churches; in the Baptist church with appropriate music and sermon by the pastor, Rev. M. S. Howes. In the Congregational church there was special music by a choir of ten voices, with a fine sermon by the pastor, Rev. J. G. Fisher. In the evening a repetition of the music of the morning and the pastor read an extract from "Ben Hur" by Levi Wallace.

ORANGE BASIS OF THIS CAKE
Delicacy for Afternoon Tea Greatly Improved by the Addition of Royal Icing.

Four ounces of caster sugar, seven ounces of flour, one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, half a teaspoonful of bicarbonate of soda, two ounces of butter, two eggs, one gill of milk, the grated rind of three oranges.

Cream the butter with half the sugar, beat in one egg, then the rest of the sugar and the other egg, then sift in gradually the flour, orange rind, cream of tartar and the soda, adding the milk as required. Butter a tin, line with paper, pour in the cake and bake for about half an hour. Cover with royal icing.

Royal icing is useful for a variety of cakes, and can be flavored and colored to taste. Put the white of an egg into a basin with a squeeze of lemon juice, and stir into it six ounces of icing sugar; work well with a wooden spoon till perfectly smooth. Spread this on your cake or biscuits, dipping your knife into boiling water frequently, so that the surface is smooth.

FOR JELLIED FRUIT SALAD
Delightful Confection on Warm Days—Many Varieties of Fruit May Be Used.

Two pounds mixed fresh fruits, the greater variety the better, brown sugar, one wineglassful of sherry, one pint of lemon jelly.

Put the fruit into a basin, having previously sieved it where necessary, and cut all fruit like bananas, pears, peaches, oranges, etc., in slices. Sprinkle it with brown sugar, pour over the sherry and leave in a cool place. Take a pint of lemon jelly—there are many good kinds sold which only need to be dissolved for use. Lay it stand till cold, but not set, then whisk it till it looks like snow. Put part of the fruit in a large bowl (stood on ice if possible), add a layer of jelly in rough heaps, then more fruit, and so on till all is used, leaving the whipped jelly on the top. This should be stood on ice till required.

Chicken Baked in Milk.
Prepare a chicken as though for roasting. Mix a dressing using crumbled bread, butter, salt and pepper, a cup of needed raisins and sufficient sugar to make it moderately sweet. Stuff the chicken with this mixture, and if a little of it should be left, reserve it to be added to the gravy when that is made. Place the chicken in a dripping pan. In the bottom of the pan put two or three thin slices of rich milk; cover the pan and bake the chicken slowly until it is very tender, being careful to turn and baste it as often as may be necessary. Thicken the gravy in the pan, seasoning it with salt and, if required, sugar to taste.

about the birth of Christ, which is familiar to all.

Frank Bean is confined to the house by blood poisoning in his hand, but is getting along nicely.

Miss Jennie Bean is home from Gorham Normal School, spending the Christmas holidays with her parents.

Miss Lida Phillips and Miss Ethel Reynolds, who have been boarding at the home of Mrs. Etta Richards, will board at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Stevens, for the winter term of school.

E. B. Harriman and wife left the first of the week for Conway, N. H.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Kempton entertained her sister, Mrs. Harvey and child, of Rumford, on Christmas day.

Lewis Small, who has been confined to the house, suffering of burned limbs, is getting along nicely.

One day last week, the little year and a half old child of Joseph Rich, was injured while playing with a meat chopper. He cut one finger nearly off, which will have to be amputated.

James Kierstead was the fortunate winner of a very handsome fur coat given by Charles Stanley to his customers, and every purchaser of a ticket was given a fine oyster supper at the town hall on Christmas night. Charles Stanley never does things by halves, as was shown by the dainty calendars which he gave away to his customers, which was a very pretty plate with the days of the year in gilt all around the edge.

Joseph Chapman and wife returned last week from Lawrence, Mass., where they have been visiting relatives for several weeks.

Sickness seems to follow the family of Mr. Fred Bartlett of Roxbury Ave. There are four cases of diphtheria in the family and in the midst of it all, another child was born. Much sympathy is felt for the family, as the workers of the family are shut in too.

Edgar Fisher of Bowdoin College, is spending the Christmas vacation with his parents, Rev. and Mrs. J. G. Fisher.

The home of Horatio March is again quarantined on account of the illness of the youngest daughter, Miss Olive, with diphtheria.

Acres of Grain from a Single Seed.
Great interest has been manifested by the farmers of Russia over recent experiments in their country regarding the production of grain. It has been shown that a single seed can produce over an acre of grain. The method is to plant each grain in a conical pit 11 to 17 inches deep and 12 inches wide. After every three weeks the sprouting grain is covered with a layer of earth. This process is repeated ten times. The result is that each grain planted in the inverted apex of the conical pit gives a stalk with blades. Under these blades is a thickening of the stock, which is called the "bushy knots." The result of the first covering will be three stalks, and at the tenth covering there will be over fifty thousand. By a system of transplanting the grain is then raised in great quantities from the one seed.

IN SELF-DEFENSE.
What was that poor young man to do, believed by all the fair ones—
Pursued by Polly, Dottie, Sue,
Such lovely girls and rare ones?
His whimsical whimsies tried to win
And Ida faintly eyed him;
Miss Annie's animated din
Meek Molly mollified him.

Then saucy Sarah called out
And Dolly dalled near him,
And Rosie rose with smile and pout
Intent to commend him.
But Madge grew sneaking bold
And Katie tried to catch him,
While Tessie with her tresses gold
And Madge were mad to match him.

Then Hattie set her cap at him
And Amy aimed her glance,
With Lucy's smiles let loose, while she
Said, "Ada, used to dance."
The young man fled far, far away,
Though Dora quite adored him,
He went to distant Africa,
Because the women bored him.

HELPING HIM.
Several of the members of the Church Aid Society, met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Horace Yetten, Saturday afternoon, Dec. 25th, the occasion being the fifteenth wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Yetten. As soon as the event was learned by the members of the society of which Mrs. Yetten has been president the past two years, it was thought best to present them with some token of friendship, showing in a small degree, the esteem in which they are held by the society. A beautiful vase with a bouquet of cut flowers, was presented them, to which they responded with heart-felt appreciation. The event was a complete surprise to them both. Congratulations and wishes for many happy returns of the day were extended Mr. and Mrs. Yetten.

Mrs. Ada T. March was at Berry Mills last week, and attended the wedding of her nephew, Mr. Erion R. Berry. She also visited other relatives in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Whiting, who were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Berry ever Sunday, returned to their home in Tuxton, Monday.

Mr. Geo. Atwood and family from Paris, were guests at the home of W. G. Harlow, Saturday and Sunday.

OLD SHOES MADE NEW.

It is a money saving proposition for you. We call for and deliver work. We have the best shoe repairing outfit in the State. Send us your work.

Leave your old shoes at the following branch offices and have them returned, repaired so that you will think you have a new pair.

BRANCH OFFICES:
Rumford Falls: L. W. ALLEN, 4 Congress St., GEO. ELIAS, 337 Waldo
Gen's Furnishings, Virginia: MELCHER TRADING CO., Smith.
ville: J. M. HARLOW, Grocer. Mexico: CORN CHAS. STAN.
LEYS' SONS Shoe Store. Dixfield: C. E. DUNHAM.
West Peru: E. F. HAYNES' Livery.

ELECTRIC SHOE REPAIR CO.

Tel. Connections. P. J. CARVER, Manager.

RIDLONVILLE.

V. A. LINNELL

Builders' Supplies.

DOORS, WINDOWS AND HOUSE FINISH, HARD WOOD FLOORING, N. C. PINE SHEATHING.

RUBBEROID ROOFING.

Write now to order.

RUMFORD, ME.

DIXFIELD ITEMS.

The Happenings of the Week as gathered by the Citizen Reporter.

Rev. W. E. Gaskin, pastor of the Universalist church, was at Berry Mills, Saturday, Dec. 25th, to solemnize the marriage of Erlon Ray Berry and Miss Harriette Mildred Savage. The ceremony took place at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sumner Savage of that place, and was attended by the immediate relatives of both parties being present. The bride wore a beautifully embroidered gown of white, while the groom was attired in the conventional black. The maid of honor was a sister of the groom, Miss Angio M. Berry, the best man being Mr. Allen Moore of Mattawamkeag, Me. A sumptuous Christmas dinner was served, following the ceremony. A reception was held in the evening, during which time many of their friends met for congratulations and good wishes for a bright and happy future for Mr. and Mrs. Berry. The couple were the recipients of many beautiful gifts.

Mr. Sugar Loaf Grange held an all day's meeting at their hall on Christmas day. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Master, Mr. Ava I. Eastman; Overseer, Willis Dunham; Lecturer, K. K. Drackett; Steward, E. L. Taylor; Assistant Steward, W. M. White; Chaplain, Mrs. Annie Torrey; Treasurer, Mr. T. W. Torrey; Secretary, Mrs. Melissa Drackett; Gate Keeper, Fred Hancock; Cere, Mrs. Fred Hancock; Pomona, Mrs. Willis Dunham; Flora, Mrs. Vesta Masterman; Lady Assistant Steward, Mrs. Rose White; Chorister and Pianist, Mrs. Elsie Athol; Librarian, Mrs. Addie Taylor. A sumptuous dinner was served, consisting of roast pork and chicken, cranberry sauce, pies, puddings and cakes, with all the accessories that go to make up the proverbial Christmas dinner. An entertainment of music, vocal and piano solos interspersed with readings, was given. The day was much enjoyed by all present.

Several of the members of the Church Aid Society, met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Horace Yetten, Saturday afternoon, Dec. 25th, the occasion being the fifteenth wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Yetten. As soon as the event was learned by the members of the society of which Mrs. Yetten has been president the past two years, it was thought best to present them with some token of friendship, showing in a small degree, the esteem in which they are held by the society. A beautiful vase with a bouquet of cut flowers, was presented them, to which they responded with heart-felt appreciation. The event was a complete surprise to them both. Congratulations and wishes for many happy returns of the day were extended Mr. and Mrs. Yetten.

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SUNNY SOUTHERN ALBERTA LAND.
154 Acres of Oats Averaged 118 Bushels to the Acre.

(GLEICHEN ALBERTA CALL)
W. D. Trego dropped into the Call office Tuesday morning and said:

"I just want to tell you that the big field of oats that you mentioned in the Call last summer has turned out well. We finished threshing yesterday, and from that quarter section of oats got an average of 118-7-10 bushels to the acre. We threshed almost 19,000 bushels of oats. Of this we had 154 acres actually. Yes, near enough to call it a quarter section, I suppose, but let me give you some even larger figures. Of course, the 154 acres were hardly all the same but I had from 37 acres of the best of it 124-1-10 bushels to the acre.

"That's going some, Mr. Trego, but what kind of oats did you seed?" asked the reporter.

"American banner oats."

"Did you have any other crop?"

"Yes, I had 23 acres of spring wheat that averaged 44 bushels to the acre."

"How about your potatoes and the other vegetables?"

"My vegetables were the best in quality I ever saw anywhere. I may say I took a sample of my vegetables up to the Alberta Hotel in Calgary and asked the manager to try them. As a result a Calgary wholesale house wrote to me to buy all I had, and I am shipping them a carload of turnips to day. I grew 1,500 bushels of potatoes this year, and will put in 200 acres of potatoes next year.

"Yes, my fall plowing has been most favorable, and I will have 800 acres ready for grain when it freezes up."

"I had 365 acres in crop this year and will have fully 1,000 in crop next year."

"The oats are the same that took first prize in wheat at the Gleichien District Agricultural Association's exhibition this year. Good day."

19-22 N. P.

Mr. Geo. Walters was in Portland and Boston last week, on business.

Mrs. Matilda Marsh returned home last week from Portland. Her daughter, Mrs. Tina Edwards and two children accompanied her, to remain through the holidays.

Mrs. Sophronia Stewart is visiting her daughter and family, Mrs. W. T. Easton, in Portland.

Mr. Munroe Peabody was in Lewiston and Auburn, last week.

Mr. Sample of Strong, was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Gail, over Sunday.

The Only Perfectly Roasted Coffees

We roast our coffee in closed cylinders over live coals. Other coffees are roasted in perforated cylinders over gas flames.

We roast for thirty-five minutes. Every berry is completely roasted. Roasted a rich golden brown from kernel to outer shell.

Other coffees are roasted for only ten or fifteen minutes. Our process takes three times as long and it costs three times as much. For coffee to be good cannot be roasted in less time.

It took us years to learn this. But it taught us to develop the rich, mellow, full-bodied flavor and ambrosial aroma that have made O'Donohue Coffee Company's coffee the unvarying choice of critical coffee drinkers.

You will find the most delicious characteristics of flavor and fragrance in

Fifth Avenue Coffee

New York's Famous Coffee

You can make for half roasted coffee than you could for any other coffee. For the best coffee in the world, you need O'Donohue Coffee.

It is the only coffee that is roasted in closed cylinders over live coals. It is the only coffee that is roasted for thirty-five minutes. It is the only coffee that is roasted a rich golden brown from kernel to outer shell.

It is the only coffee that is roasted for only ten or fifteen minutes. It is the only coffee that is roasted a rich golden brown from kernel to outer shell.

It is the only coffee that is roasted for thirty-five minutes. It is the only coffee that is roasted a rich golden brown from kernel to outer shell.

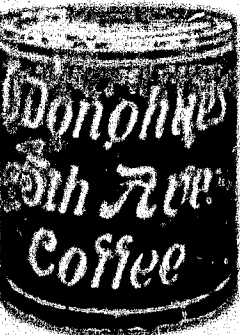
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Its Goodness Preserved

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For a better understanding of the Fifth Avenue Coffee, you must give me time to consider, Mr. Stutter. In the meantime, perhaps, you will be able to say it.

Ferry Stutter—Mlee Bub-bub-Bright
Y, will you bub-bub-me-an-ay-wuh
uh-er—that is, I lul-lu-lure—
Dolly Brightly—You must give me
time to consider, Mr. Stutter. In the
meantime, perhaps, you will be able to
say it.

CHRISTMAS IN BETHEL

As Observed by the Various Churches.

METHODIST CHURCH.

An appreciative audience gathered at the Methodist church last Sunday evening to listen to the Christmas concert. The program, which was under the direction of Mrs. C. J. Banghart and Miss Helen Blase, was almost faultlessly carried out and was acknowledged to be the best given for years. The male chorus parts, solos and duets were much enjoyed.

The following was the program: Organ Solo, "Silent Night," Miss Helen Blase, Florence Springer.

Opening Chorus, "Sing for Joy," Tenors, N. R. Springer.

Vocal Solo, "Lullaby," Hazel Arne.

Recitation, "Our Gifts," Marion Littlehale.

Vocal Solo and Chorus, "When the Christmas Bells are Ringing," Marie Wright and Chorus.

Recitation, "A Little Heart," Arline Saunders.

Vocal Solo, "Across the Silent Night," John Anderson.

Dialogue, "The Way to be Happy," Five Boys.

Chorus, "Like Silver Bells," Mildred Foster.

Recitation, "Vocal Solo, 'Lift Up Your Heart,' Mrs. Banghart.

Recitation, "Kvangelize Atherion," Evangeline Atherion.

Song, "Little Heart-ours Open Wide," Primary Class.

Recitation, "Christmas Wishes," Marion Littlehale.

Dialogue, "Christmas Thoughts," Your Gifts.

Chorus, "Merry Christmas," Ethel Stearns.

Recitation, "Vocal Solo, 'The Angel's Song,' Ruth Banghart.

Recitation, "Olive Edgely."

Duet, "The Christmas Star is This," Hazel Arne, Ruth Banghart.

Dialogue, "Good Will," Eight Girls.

Vocal Solo, "Wake, O World, from Slumber," Mr. Arne.

Recitation, "Hazel Arne.

Vocal Solo, "The Christmas Night," Dialogue, "Christmas Giving," Six Girls.

Chorus, "Brightly Worn," Ethel Stearns.

Recitation, "Closing Chorus, 'Halls of Christmas,'

UNIVERSALIST CHURCH.

Friday evening there was the usual free supper at the Universalist chapel at which all the children were present. Sunday many of the older ones. The long tables were well laden with good things and the large number who were present found plenty and more with which to regale the fatter man. It was a time of laughter and good cheer. Following the supper, all repaired to the audience room of the church, where they were joined by many more.

As had not been present at the supper. Here were two trees, made most attractive with many decorations. The front of the church was also prettily decorated. The trees were well laden with all kinds of presents. There was a short program after which Mrs. Banghart came in and announced that Mr. Banghart could not leave on account of illness and business matters, and for that reason she was obliged to come. Her appearance created much comment with the younger ones. This part was well carried out and then followed the distribution of the presents. The committee in charge of the tree, was made up of Mrs. D. C. Banghart and Mrs. M. D. Banghart, and under their every-thing went along most successfully.

On Sunday morning at the usual hour, the pastor, Rev. J. H. Little, gave an excellent discourse, appropriate to the season. There was special music.

In the evening, Sunday, there was a Christmas concert under the direction of Miss Jane Gibson and Mrs. John Banghart, as general committee, with the teachers of the various churches in the Bethel school as a sub-committee. At this concert there was given the same excellent "Christmas Belongings," interspersed with other musical selections and recitations by members of the Bethel school. Although the weather was somewhat unfavorable, the attendance was excellent and they all pronounced the concert a success.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Charles Chayer was a man of joy and good cheer on Christmas eve. The house was decked with Christmas and good things were everywhere.

Two Christmas trees had been arranged in the ladies' parlor and with their pretty decorations and laden with presents, they presented a very pretty appearance. Through the electric lights which Mrs. Chayer had arranged to give illumination to the room, all eyes were attracted to the trees.

RUMFORD TO HAVE FEDERAL BUILDING.

Congressman Swasey Introduces Bill to That Effect.

On Friday, Dec. 17th, Congressman Swasey introduced into Congress a bill, which if enacted, will give Rumford a federal building to be used as a post office and contain other necessary government offices. The full text of the bill as introduced, is as follows:

"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to acquire, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, a site and cause to be erected thereon, a suitable building, including fireproof vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators, and approaches for the use and accommodation of the United States post office and other government offices in the town of Rumford and State of Maine, the cost of said site and building, including said vaults, heating and ventilating apparatus, elevators, and approaches, complete not to exceed the sum of seventy-five thousand dollars.

"Sec. 2. That proposals for the sale of land, suitable for said site shall be invited by public advertisement in one of more of the newspapers of large circulation of the town of Rumford and city of Lewiston, Maine, for at least twenty days prior to the date specified in said advertisement for the opening of said proposals.

"Sec. 3. That proposals made in response to said advertisement shall be addressed and mailed to the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall then cause the said proposed sites, and such others as he may think proper to designate, to be examined in person by an agent of the Treasury Department, who shall make written report to said Secretary of the results of said examination and of his recommendation thereon and the reasons therefor, which shall be accompanied by the original proposals and all maps, plans and statements which shall have come into his possession relating to said proposed sites.

"Sec. 4. That if, upon consideration of said report and accompanying papers, the Secretary of the Treasury shall deem further investigation necessary, he may appoint a commission of not more than three persons, one of whom shall be an officer of the Treasury Department, which commission shall also examine the said proposed sites and such others as the Secretary of the Treasury may designate, and grant such hearings in relation thereto as they shall deem necessary; and said commission shall within thirty days after said examination, make to the Secretary of the Treasury written report of their conclusions in the premises, accompanied by all maps, statements, plans, or documents taken by or submitted to them in like manner as herein before provided in regard to the proceedings of said agent of the Treasury Department; and the Secretary of the Treasury shall thereupon finally determine the location of the building to be erected.

"Sec. 5. That the compensation of said commissioners shall be fixed by the Secretary of the Treasury, but the same shall not exceed six dollars per day and actual traveling expenses; provided, however, that the member of said commission appointed from the Treasury Department shall be paid only his actual traveling expenses.

"Sec. 6. That no money shall be used for the purpose mentioned until a valid title to the site of said building shall be vested in the United States; and until the State of Maine shall have ceded to the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the same, during the time the United States shall be or make the owner thereof, for all purposes except the administration of the judicial laws of said State and the services of the civil process therein."

The bill was referred to the committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

It was in the dining room. This was followed by a brief program in which the little folks were the participants, and which was followed by a very interesting and well planned program of the many nice things which the Papa States and Mama States had brought. Then at their homes, the little folks hung their stockings, the older ones acted Santa's part and the brightest day of the year was ended.

Bridge for Happiness.
Measure your debts by your for-
tune, and your fortune by your de-
sires.—James Taylor.

PARKER'S HAIR OIL
The most famous hair oil in the world.
It cures itching humors, keeps the hair
soft and glossy, and prevents the hair
from falling out. It is the only hair
oil that is pure and safe for the hair.
It is sold everywhere.

PAYNE TARIFF BILL DEFENDED.

(Continued from Page One.)

tions of the bill. It was here that he met the first of the complications. He had always believed that the tariff was a national wide importance, not a local issue as Gen. Hancock had said. In that he found, in Washington, he was mistaken. He found that the further they got in the discussion, the more local it became.

Mr. Swasey then got at the pulp and paper tariff. He declared that in handling this, Congress was up against a very hard proposition. It was up against the newspapers of the country. The reason for this agitation against the duty on pulp and paper was that a few years ago certain gentlemen interested in the newspapers of the country, approached Pres. Roosevelt, who always had an ear for the word trusts, and told him that there was a trust in restraint of trade among the pulp and paper manufacturers of the country. Mr. Roosevelt at once sent a message to Congress recommending a removal of the duty on pulp paper. Instead a committee of which Mr. Mann of Chicago was chairman, was named to investigate the matter. At the conclusion of their hearings, covering a period of ten months they reported that they could find no trust in restraint of trade.

Mr. Mann said that the difference in the cost of labor and such material as was dutiable, used in the business was \$3 a ton. He never said, as he has been quoted, that \$3 a ton was sufficient duty for the protection of American manufacturers.

At this point, the speaker digressed from pulp paper to incidentally remark that none of the downward revisionists of Congress favored a reduction of tariff upon the products of their home states. He also had considerable to say about hides and the time spent in the discussion of the duty upon them. After further discussing the fact that, after all, the tariff was very much of a local issue, he said that he did not get up as an advocate of a tariff for a Maine industry unless he believed it is a wise and needed measure.

There are said to be 771 pulp and paper mills in the United States. They are located in 32 of the great states of the Union. There is invested in them, some \$100,000,000 and they furnish employment to 200,000 people, while their annual output is about \$250,000,000. It is an industry which should have the attention of the House and Senate. These mills are not limited to a little fringe of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and New York. Yet Mr. Mann in his unfortunate report, said that we were dependent upon Canada for our supply.

Do you know that only 49 per cent. of the land in this country is improved? Trees grow very rapidly. Stop farming your land and see how quickly a tree grows. We are not dependent upon Canada for spruce. Pulp is made from 15 different kinds of wood. Pines, spruces, which rank fourth in the industry, does not grow a spruce tree.

The little State of Maine is a little creek in the United States, went on the congressman. The whole of New England can be lost in the forests of Texas. Look over the great states of the West and you will see what a great country this is. Yet Maine is not to be laughed at. We've got 25,000,000,000 feet of spruce in Maine, where 15 years ago they claimed we had but five. We've kept on cutting all this time, 100. It is not an inexhaustible supply but with proper conservation it will last.

Mr. Swasey then said that the Mann report on the industry was in effect to put a chip on Canada's shoulder, but that the talk of a commercial war with that country was all bunk; Canada's only market was the United States. Besides, there was the maximum and minimum provision of the new tariff law, which enabled the President to increase the duty 50 per cent.

"I want to ask you," said Mr. Swasey, "if, with \$100,000,000 invested in pulp and paper mills in Maine and 12,000 were indirectly receiving employment from them, if it were not my duty to stand for the Dingley rate on pulp paper?"

The reason why the rate was maintained was because there were many newspapers who said they did not want a reduction. Of the manufacturers of pulp and paper will manufacture 50, including the Bath, Me. Iron works, presented against the reduction in the tariff, as did ten of the felt manufacturers and all of the wire manufacturers, as well as six of the southern states, which supply the clay work. This clay industry supplies \$2,000,000 to these annually.

What do you think of the tariff bill, said he. That is the question they ask me. I am not going to say what I think about it. I voted for it, because I felt it was the best we could get. He then declared that it was no easy matter to pass a tariff bill, and then went on:

"I have the best authority as to the character of the tariff bill. I have got Sam Taylor. He says, and he knows,

100 YEARS OLD.

Grandma Sanderson, of DeWitt, Me., Has Lived a Long and Useful Life.

Grandma Sanderson is a wonderful woman. She is in as good health today as ever in her life, although she is over one hundred years old.

In a letter to the Peruna Drug Mfg. Co., she gives the highest credit to Peruna for her excellent health and extreme old age. Read what she says.

Surely the evidence presented by such cases as these ought not only to dispel prejudice against Peruna, but inspire confidence in it.

"I will send you a picture that was taken a few weeks before my hundredth birthday.

"I am a true friend of the Peruna Company. I have derived great benefit from Peruna many times. I can say I regard Peruna a very great medicine. I found out the merit of it a good many years ago.

"A little more than two years ago I contracted a very severe cold, which resulted in a gripple. Owing to the severity of the disease, and my extreme age, my case was considered to be very critical. I employed no doctor, but Peruna was the remedy I used, and to-day my health is as good as it ever was in my life.

"However, I still continue to take Peruna, a spoonful every night before retiring."

Peruna is an ideal tonic for old people. It is a compound of herbal remedies that has been known to the medical profession for many years.

Peruna operates as a tonic by cleansing and invigorating the mucous membranes. This explains why Peruna has become so extensively known as a catarrh remedy. Catarrh is simply a condition of depraved mucous membranes. Peruna changes this depravity into healthful vigor.

Agreat many old people use Peruna, and would not be deprived of it for any consideration.

People who object to liquid medicines can now secure Peruna tablets. Ask Your Druggist for a Free Peruna Almanac for 1910.

for he is one of the greatest presidents we ever had. You don't hear him coming with a brass band; you don't see any display of fireworks, but he keeps sawing wood all the time in a quiet, easy way, and he says it is the best tariff bill that the Republican party ever enacted."

Mr. Swasey closed his address with a statement that he wanted to see the American flag restored to the seas and our lost commerce regained, while the American workman continued to be the most prosperous on earth.

Down in Frog Hollow.
"Could I have a glass of tea water?" asked the weary broom peddler as he climbed up to the editorial rooms of the Frog Hollow Enterprise.

"You could not" drawled the editor as he lighted his traditional corn-cob.

"And why not?"
"Well, because that don't happen to be any tea water here. Last week I read that tea water stopped the circulation and I ain't running any chances."

Caught on the Rebound.
"There is a ring around the moon tonight," remarked the young man in the porch rocker. "Do you know what that means?"

"No," replied the fair occupant of the hammock, "but I know what a ring around a girl's finger means." And as there was only one way out of the room, he went out that way—and brought the ring.

NO KICK.
A man was walking along the street, and he was carrying a large bundle on his back. He was walking very fast, and he was looking back over his shoulder at the people who were following him.

Mrs. Stead—Do you approve of my new bathing suit, Edger?
Mr. Stead—Here, it doesn't button up the back.

Reverend Altruism.
Through violence may win a game, but not the correct strategy. Somewhere near there's a home team; somewhere the news belongs to.

On the Lake Beach.
Gunner—Nothing slow about this resort, is there?
Gayer—No, indeed. Every minute the girls are posing and the young men preening.

Why Indeed.
"Friends do not believe in divorce, do they?"
"Why should they, they are not married?"

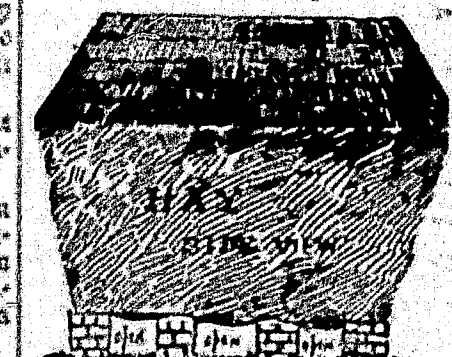
Had a Chance to Learn.
"Don't be understand double entry bookkeeping?"
"I imagine so. He formerly worked in a bank controlled by one of our richest speculators."

HAY IN STACKS FOR YEARS

Illustration Showing How It Can Be Done Better Than in a Barn.

The pictures in the article show how to stack hay so it will keep better than in a barn and be far sweeter even for three or four years.

Grain in the straw may be stacked in the same manner. As long as the air gets underneath it will keep all right, and by stacking as shown in the sketches of the pictures it will all.



Slide View.

ways keep perfectly dry. The thatch or roof is much larger than the base and the water runs off like running on a house.

The pillars can be made of wood or stone. They should be 18 inches high, although 12 inches would do. Lay the timbers from pillar to pillar and cover with round poles, and over this put boards or brush. Tramp down the hay solid, and while building the stack use poles to prop up the sides.

After three or four days when the hay has settled, remove the side props and mount a ladder, and commencing in the eaves, pull out all the hay you can with your hands down to the bottom. Always commence at the top and work to the bottom. Finish with a hand rake, always raking downward. Use straw as straight and long as possible and lay two or three inches thick and evenly.

Commence at the eaves and overlap your straw, shingle fashion, as you would boards, only with longer laps.

I have found that hay or grain stacked in this way keeps better than in a barn, as it retains its sweetness and is more relished by the animals. This method is used exclusively in England and each farmer there tries to outdo his neighbor in making the largest and best-shaped stack.

Over there they make both oblong, square and round stacks. I have seen some stacks of hay and grain from



End View.

60 to 80 feet high built in this manner and have known them to stand for years in perfect condition.

In Yorkshire, Eng., hay is seldom used until it is two or three years old, and a good horseman will never feed his horses new hay, as it may cause heaves and good old hay will not.—A Threapleton.

FALL MANURING OF ORCHARD

Little Organic Matter Is Needed and Usually This Is Obtained from Crop of Cow Peas.

A fruit grower asks when is the best time to manure the orchard. The first thing to take into consideration when manuring the apple orchard is to ascertain whether it needs manuring or not. The apple does not require a very rich soil. In fact, if the soil is too rich the trees will make heavy growth of top, but there will be little fruit. It is for this reason that orchards do better on clay hills than on flat bottom lands. This is why the Ozark mountain region is better for apple raising than the rich prairie land of central Illinois. But very little organic matter is needed in the soil of the orchard, and usually enough can be obtained by growing a crop of cowpeas and allowing the roots to decay in the soil. If, however, it becomes apparent that the soil needs a little additional humus this should be applied in the form of well rotted manure. Never in any case should the manure be fresh, and it should never be applied close to the base of the trees. Make the application in the fall very light after the warm weather is over. Scatter the manure between the trees, allowing none of it to fall closer than five feet to the trunk. Disk it at once into the surface three inches deep at one time. It is better to make several applications than to apply the same amount of manure at one application.

Weed the Garden.
Begin to weed the garden as soon as the plants are large enough to tell what they are and keep it up during the entire summer. If you do not the weeds will crowd out your pet plants and eat up the nutriment that would go toward making the garden beautiful.

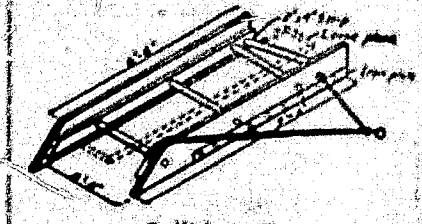
PROMOTE GOOD ROAD MAKING

Nobody Knows Better Than Farmer What a Valuable Asset to Community Good Road Is.

Good roads are simply a result of thorough drainage, and keeping the surface of the roadbed smooth and well packed. So keep all drain ditches open, and the road—drag mowing. Nothing comes so nearly filling all the requirements for maintaining a perfect roadbed as the simple drag.

Fill up all low places, and work the dirt toward the center of the road. Cut or trim all hedges bordering the highway, that the good effect of sun and wind may be applied. Do your full share of improving the road and try to persuade your neighbor that he should do the same, and the most gratifying results are certain.

As in most everything, it's the little items that combine to promote good road making. If there are some good, deep ruts between your place and



Split-Log Drag.

town how long would it take to throw a shovelful or two of dirt into these public nuisances? It would save you and your neighbor many a jerk and jolt, to say nothing of the wear and tear on horses, harness and vehicle.

Same way with the approaches is nine out of every ten bridges you bump over while driving to town. Patch those treacherous holes in the bridges, too. A horse's leg is easily broken in one of these wicked-looking holes.

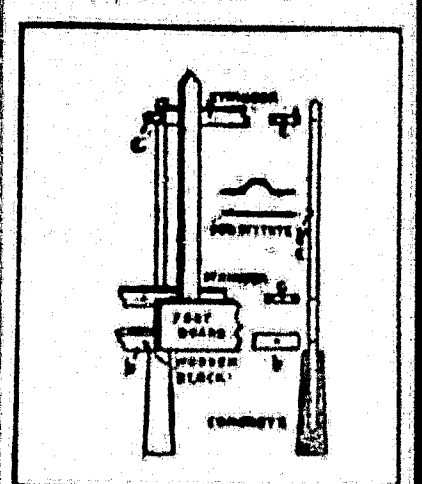
Make it a rule to stop the team and throw at least a dozen rocks and pebbles out of the track into the ditch every time you drive to town. You get mighty tired of the jerking and jolting they give you. They also knock out your wagon and buggy like more than most men think.

A diagram and illustration of a split-log grader is given herewith for the benefit of those interested in the construction and maintenance of good roads. Nobody knows better than the farmer what a valuable asset to a community a good road is.

UTILIZE PIPES FOR POSTS

Old Pieces of Gas Piping May Be Used to Good Advantage in Fencing in the Farm.

The pieces of old gas pipe lying about the place may be readily utilized as fence posts. I cut the pipe about 7 feet in length, then drill three 1/4 inch holes in each one, as shown in the sketch, says a writer in Farm and Home. I set one end of the pipe in a block of concrete, using a simple box mold about 2 1/2 feet long 1 inch square at the top and 1 or 1 1/2 inches square at the base.



Working Plans.

The cleats, c, c, are made of old iron, 1 1/2 inch. These are bolted to the pipe at the two top holes. A block, b, is bolted to the bottom hole. Stringers are attached to the iron cleats. Pickets are nailed to the stringers and a foot board is fastened to the block, b.

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

How about the ground you're going to sow with alfalfa this fall?

It is better to sow rye-grass turnips in rows than broadcast.

Apple culture in Texas should be developed more assiduously.

Rotation must be practiced in the garden or truck field to obtain the best results.

Black Winter or Spanish radishes should be sown in August or September with turnips.

Who who lets the weeds go to seed this month is storing up for himself infinite trouble next year.

It has been said that "weeds are the devil's tower." Certain it is that they play the mischief with a crop.

For best results in the vegetable garden plenty of water is necessary. During the hot season sub-irrigation is desirable.

A fall crop of potatoes will be most profitable, if the grower has 1000 lb. of manure in good time during the season.

The eighth annual convention of the National Nut Growers' Association will be held at Albany, Oct. 12, 13 and 14, 1910.

All decaying cabbage should be cut up and destroyed. Black rot and other fungus diseases and insect pests will thus be held back.

All rubbish should be removed from the garden before it is plowed. The bits of any sort is annoying and a interference with cultivation.

VOLUME XV.

BRIDGE

Three

Shall Rum

On Tuesday, Wed-

day of last week, an

added to Rumford's

fight. The special

order by Justice Emory

Judicial court, com-

W. H. Nowell and Col-

Lewiston and Hon.

Anbura, arrived in

afternoon of last week,

soon, accompanied by

sides of the controversy,

the bridges of the

bearing on the case,

which the petitioners

discontinue.

The hearing on the

at 1:30 Tuesday at

municipal court room,

filled with those inter-

ested and this condition

prevailed throughout the

ing hardly a time when

a large crowd of spec-

and a part of the time

impossible to get into

all.

The council for the

asked that the high-

the County Commission

discontinued, were H.

Blase and James B.

councils in favor of bu-

or in other words, the

remonstrants, were

Stearns and Matthew